

# Velocity evaluation using Least Squares Prestack Migration (LSPSM)



Friday's talks  
12 Oct. 2012

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# Outline

- I. A review on Least Squares Prestack Kirchhoff Migration (LSPSM)**
- II. Effect of inaccurate velocity using synthetic data on LSPSM**
  - a) image resolution**
  - b) data reconstruction**
  - c) LCSG convergence rate**
- III. Real data difficulties**
- IV. Summary/Future work**

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- II. **Effect of inaccurate velocity using synthetic data on LSPSM**
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# LSPSM:

- Modelling:  $Gm = d$   
 $d$ : Real data,  
 $m$ : Reflectivity,
- Migration:  $G^T d = \hat{m}$   
 $\hat{m}$ : Migration,
- Inversion:  $G^{-1} d = m$   
 $G$ : Kirchhoff forward operator.

$G$  is not square and is too large.

# LSPSM:

$$Gm = d$$

$$G^T G m = G^T d$$

$$m = (G^T G)^{-1} G^T d$$

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- Minimizing a general cost function:

$$J(m) = \|Gm - d\|^2 + \mu^2 \mathcal{R}(m)$$

$\mathcal{R}$ : Regularization term,

$\mu$ : Trade-off parameter

## LSPSM:

$$\mathbf{G}\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{d}$$

$$\mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{G} \mathbf{m} = \mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{d}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = (\mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{G})^{-1} \mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{d}$$

- Minimizing a general cost function:

$$J(\mathbf{m}) = \|\mathbf{G}\mathbf{m} - \mathbf{d}\|^2 + \mu^2 \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{m})$$

Damped:  $\mathbf{m}_{DLS} = (\mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{G} + \mu^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} \mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{d}$

Smooth:  $\mathbf{m}_{SLS} = (\mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{G} + \mu^2 \mathbf{D}_h^T \mathbf{D}_h)^{-1} \mathbf{G}^T \mathbf{d}$

# Replacing Migration with LSPSM:

- Remove migration artifacts. Attenuate acquisition footprints; Provide high resolution images\* .
- Compute images that can reproduce data. Data interpolation\* .
- A tool to evaluate the accuracy of the estimated velocity model.

\*Nemeth et. al. (1999 ,2000) and Duquet et. al. (2000).



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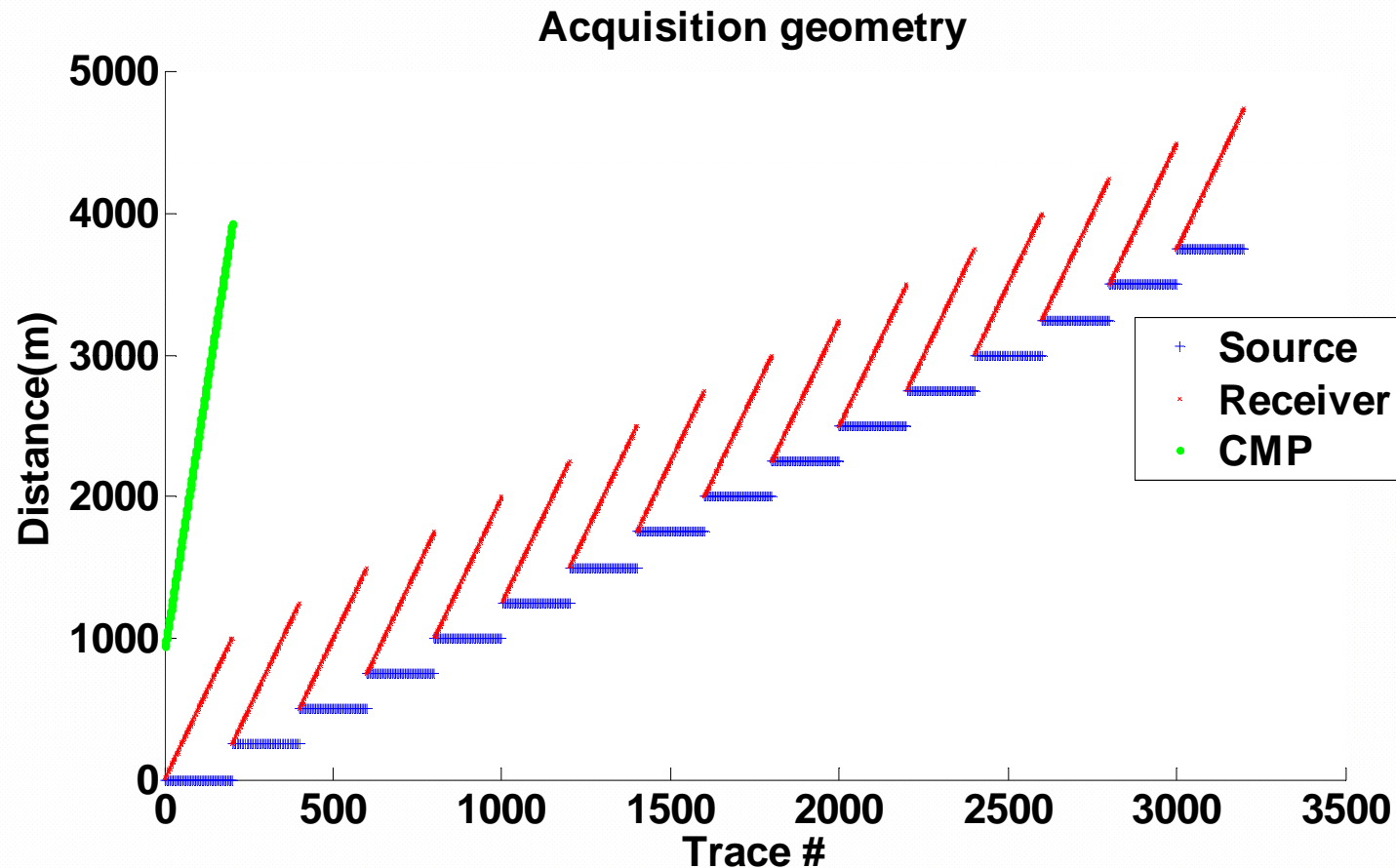
# Quantifying velocity accuracy:

- Velocity that makes flat events on a CMP gather: NMO/Stacking velocity.
- Velocity that makes flat events on a CIG gather: Migration velocity.
- Velocity that LSPSM requires for
  - Improving image resolution,
  - in a few LSCG iterations,
  - Give good data reconstruction:

**Imaging Velocity.**

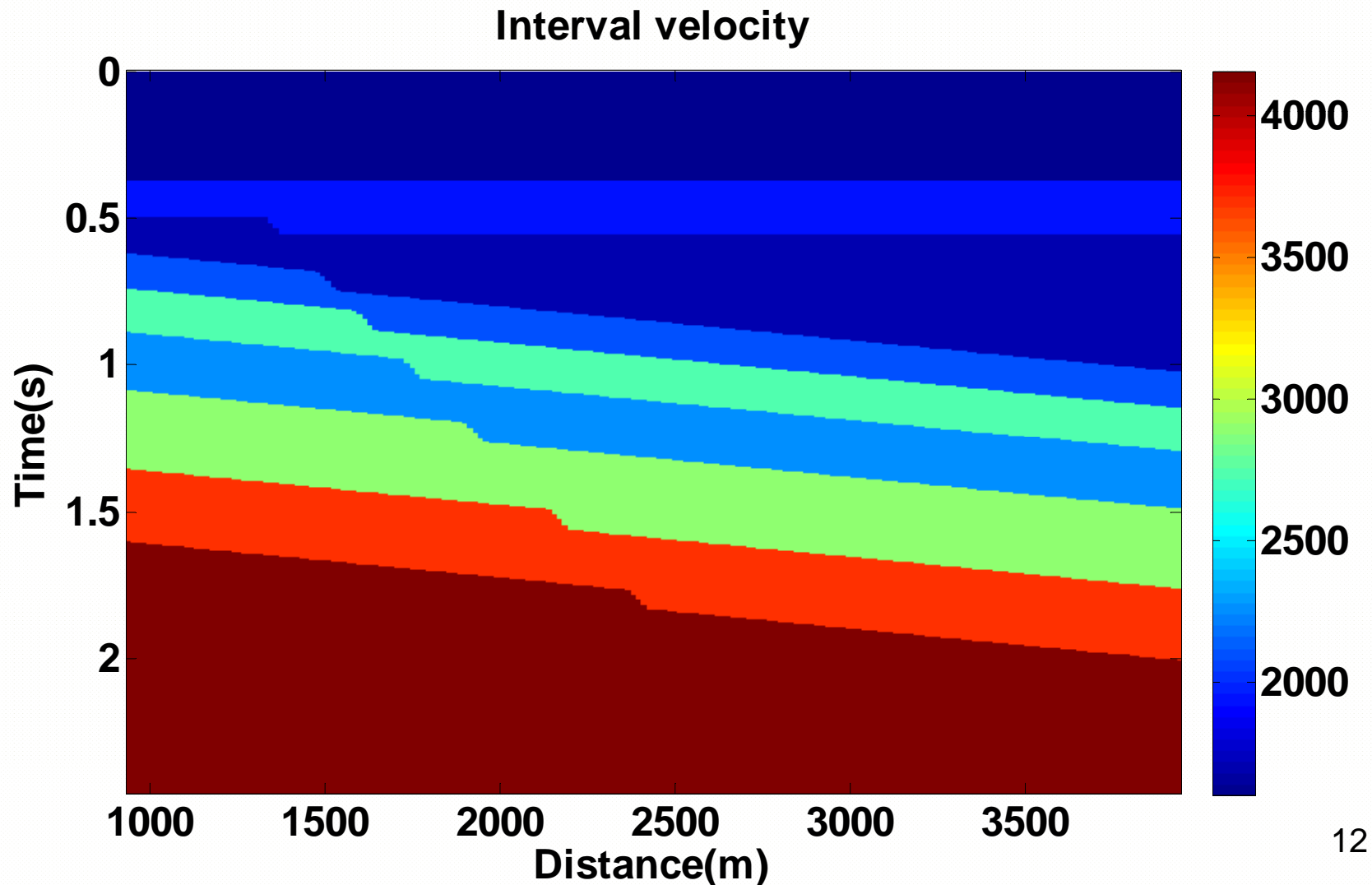
# Synthetic data; Acquisition geometry:

- 16 sources, 250m interval
- 200 receivers, 5m interval



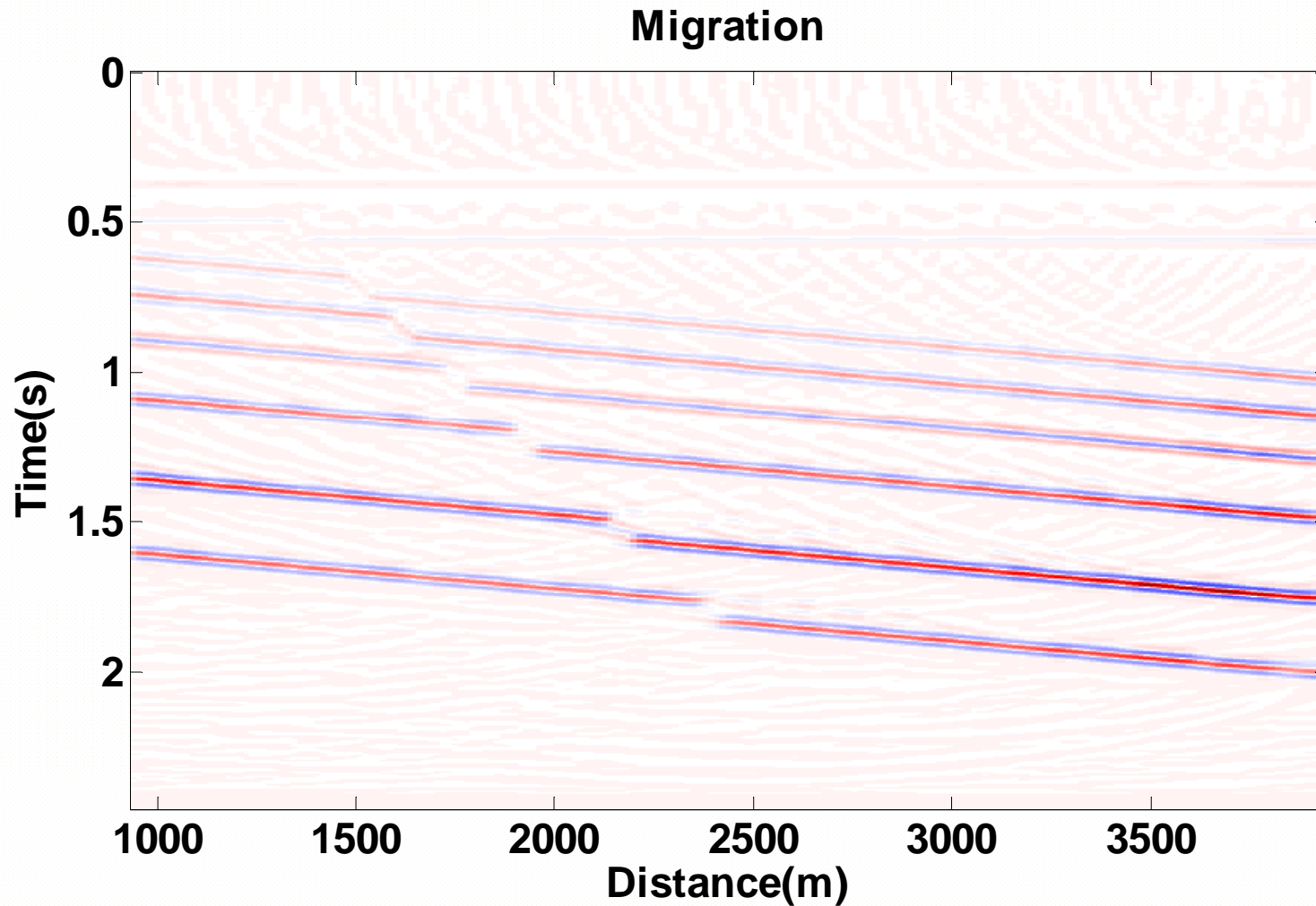
# Synthetic data; Velocity model:

– Velocity 1600-4160 m/s



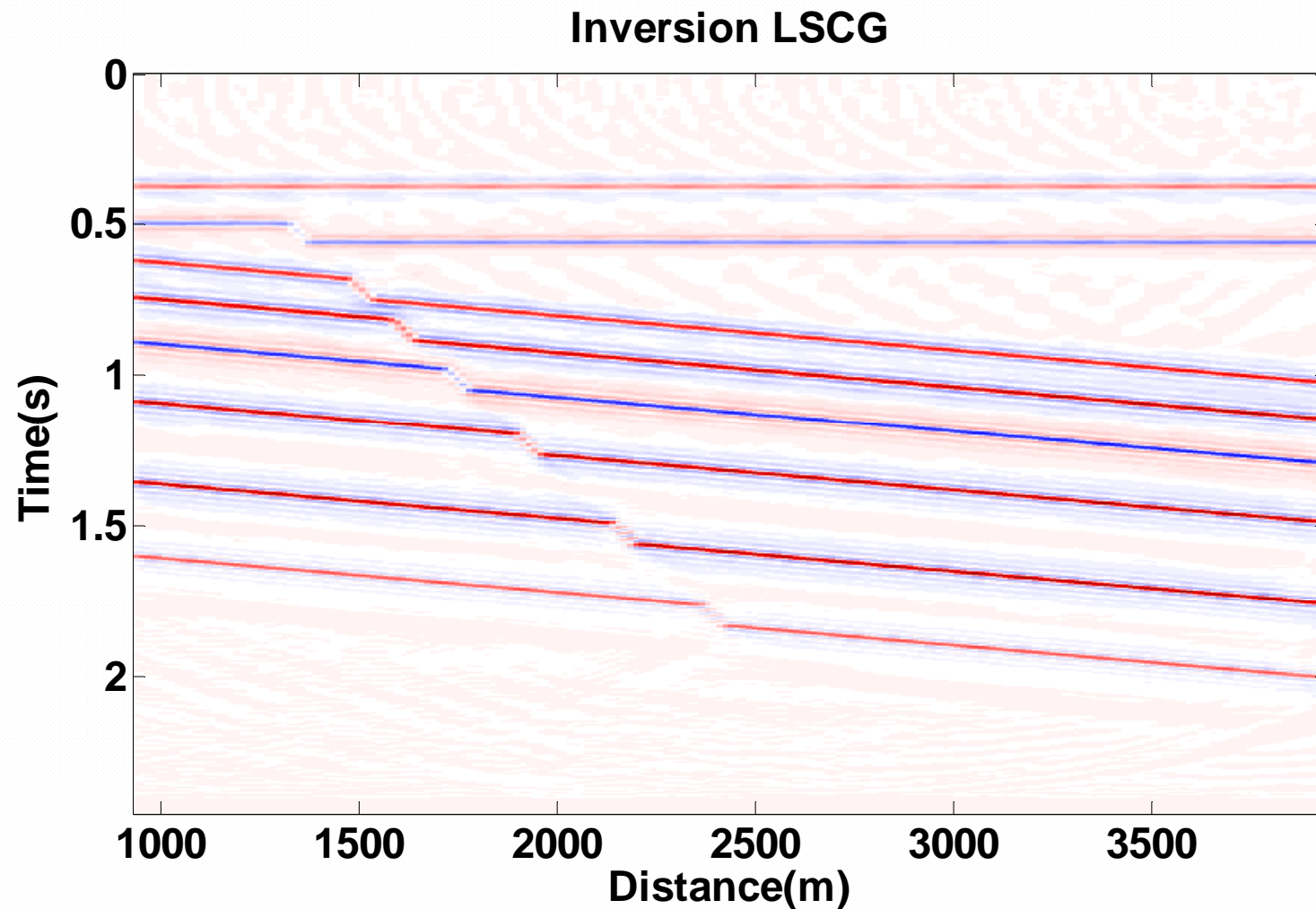
# Synthetic data; Migration:

- Exact velocity



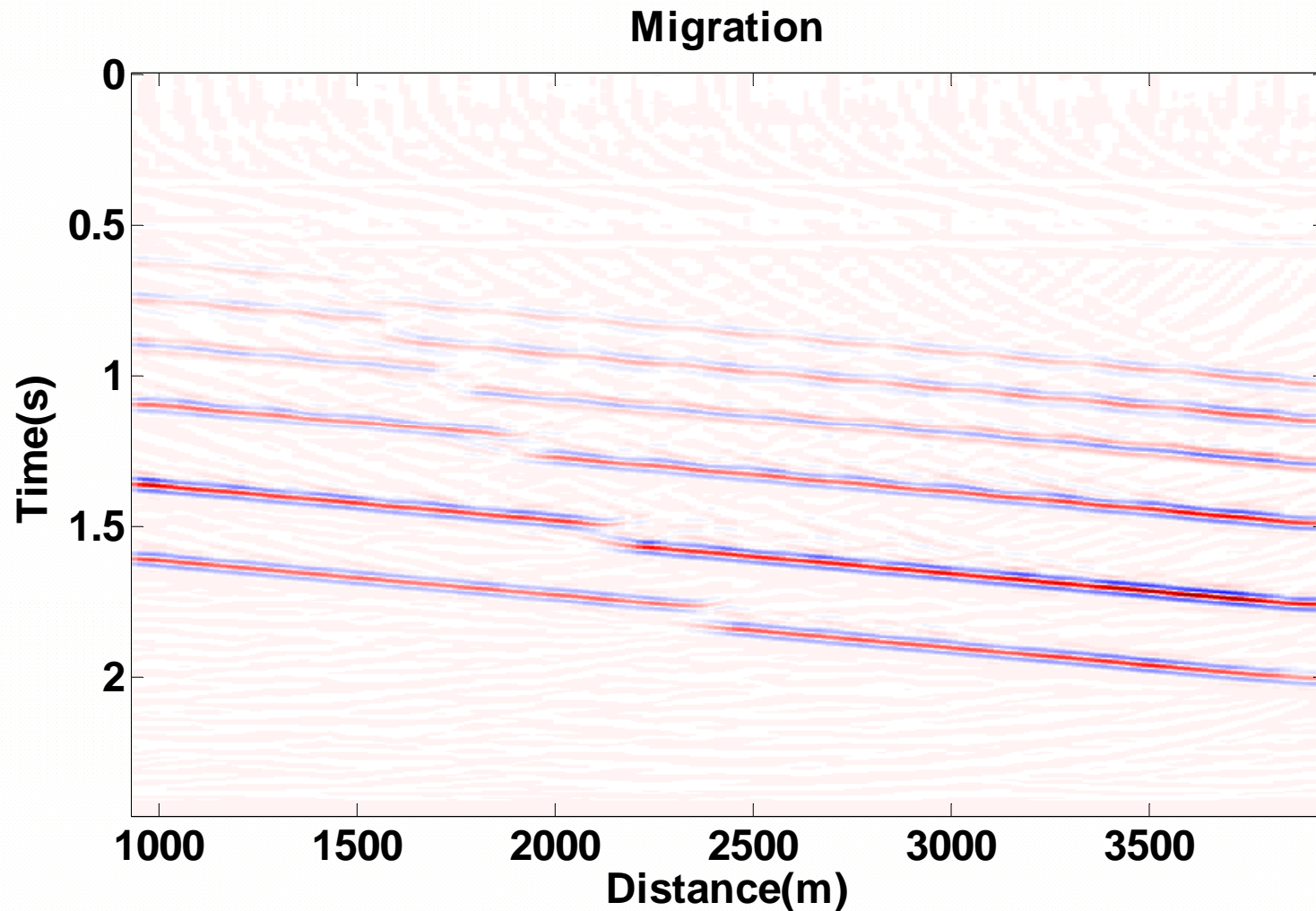
# Synthetic data; LSPSM:

- Exact velocity



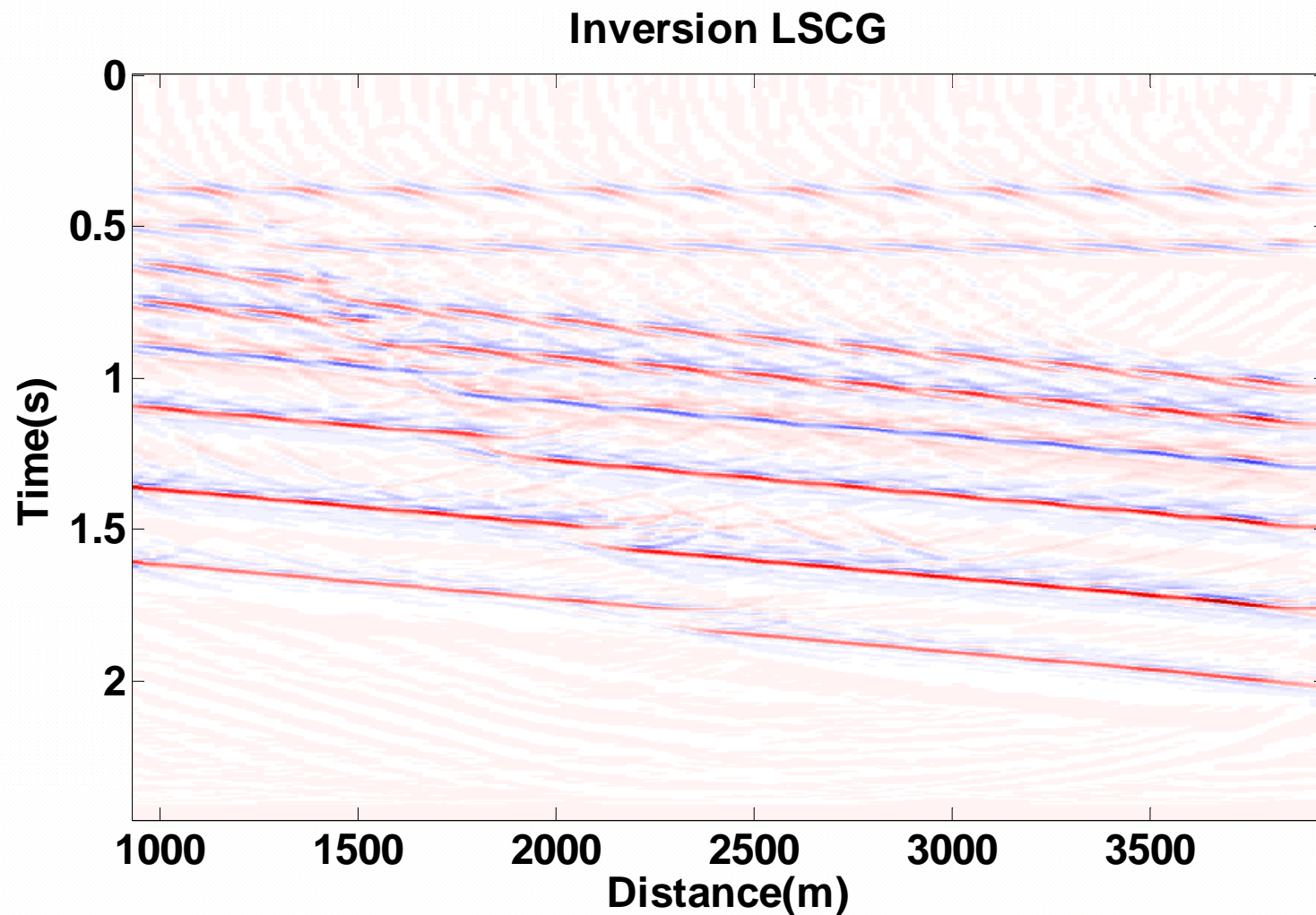
# Synthetic data; Migration:

- 5% higher velocity



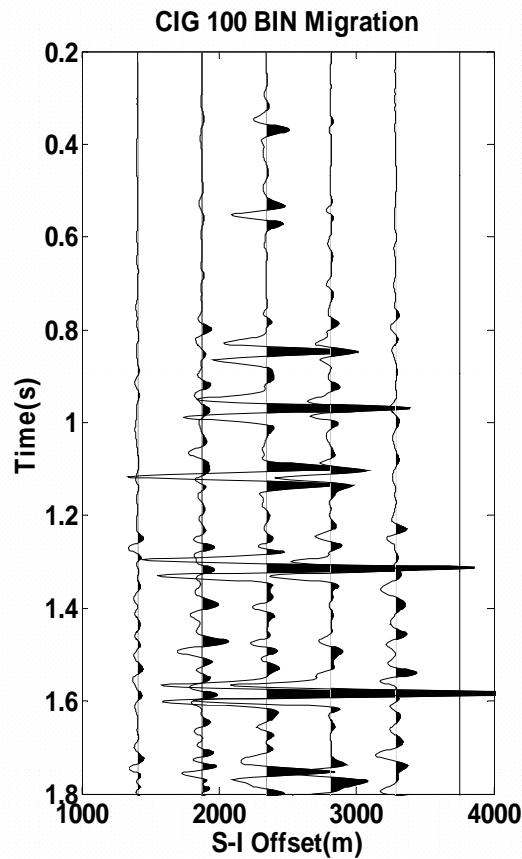
# Synthetic data; LSPSM:

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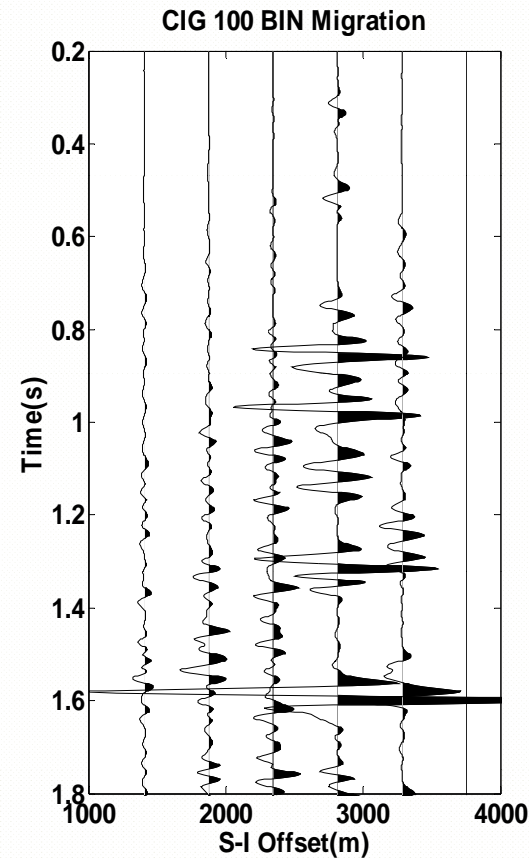




# Synthetic data; Migration shot domain CIG:

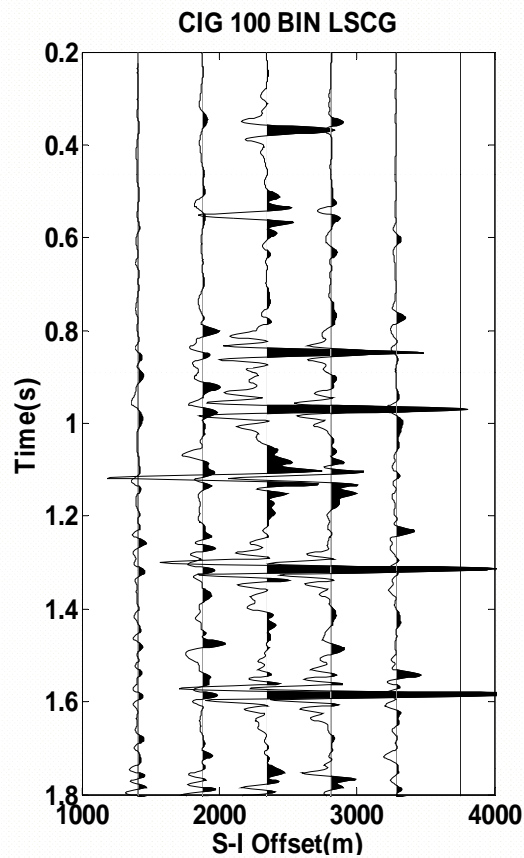


Exact velocity

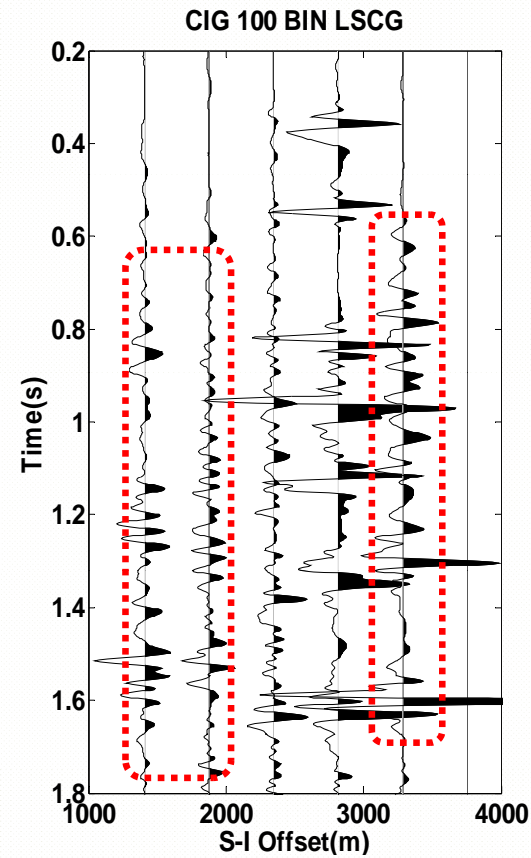


5% higher velocity

# Synthetic data; LSPSM shot domain CIG:



Exact velocity



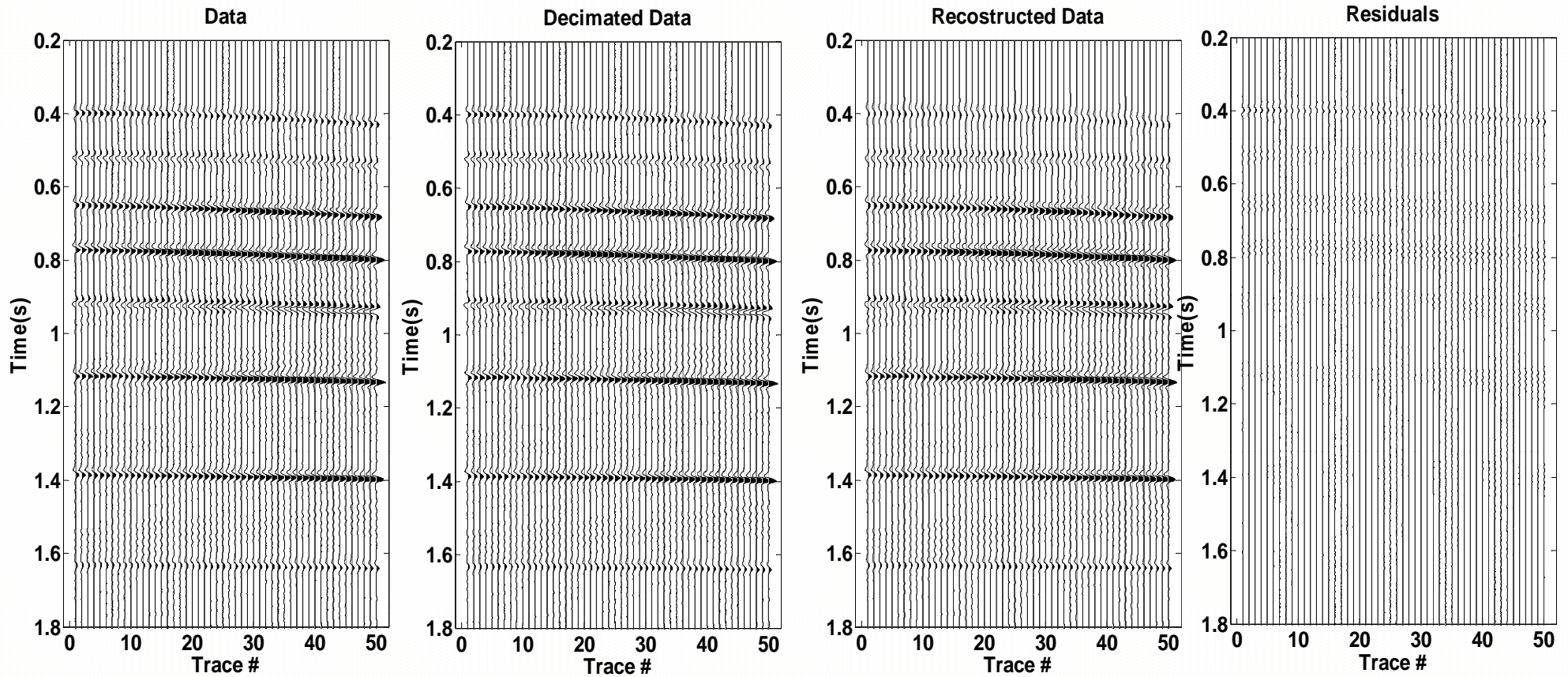
5% higher velocity

# Velocity evaluation:

- Inaccurate velocity introduces artifacts into the LSPSM more than migration image.

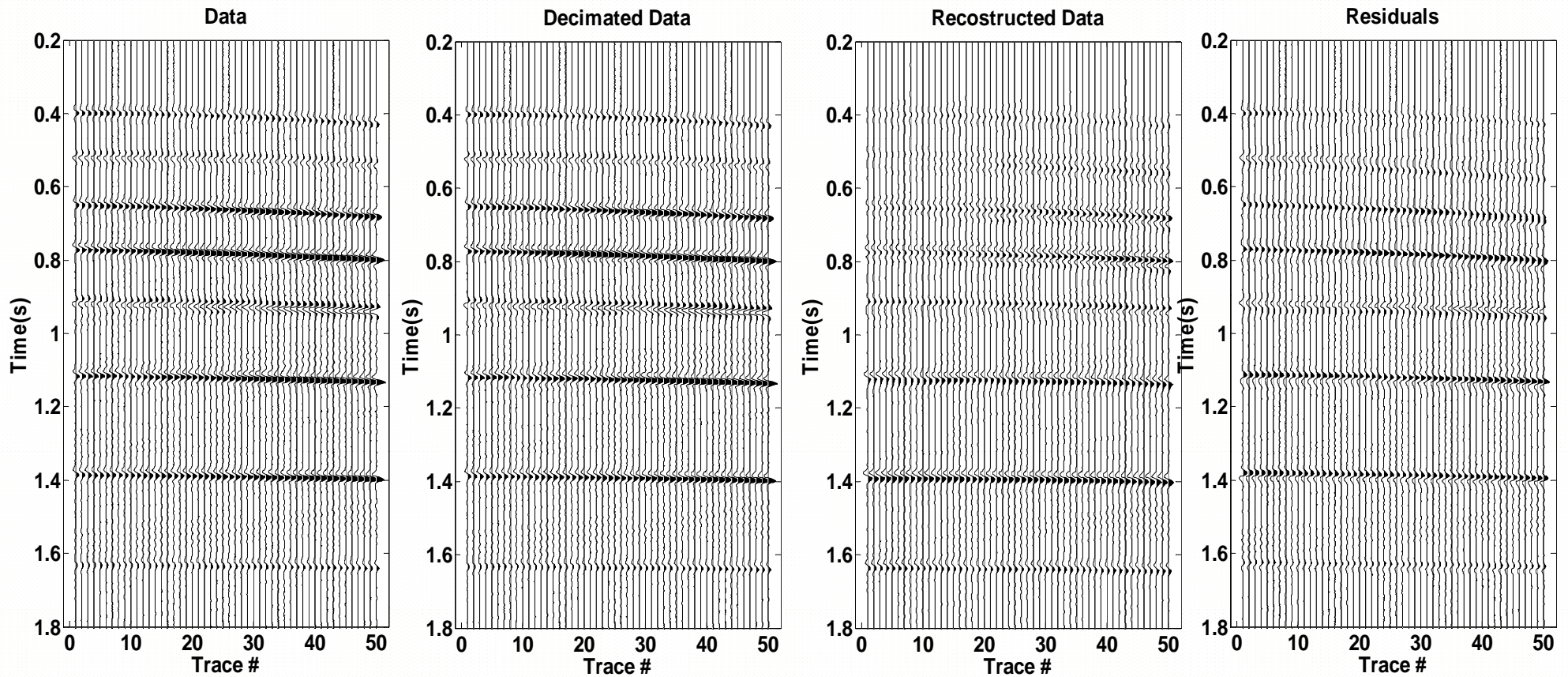
# Synthetic data; Data Reconstruction:

- Exact velocity

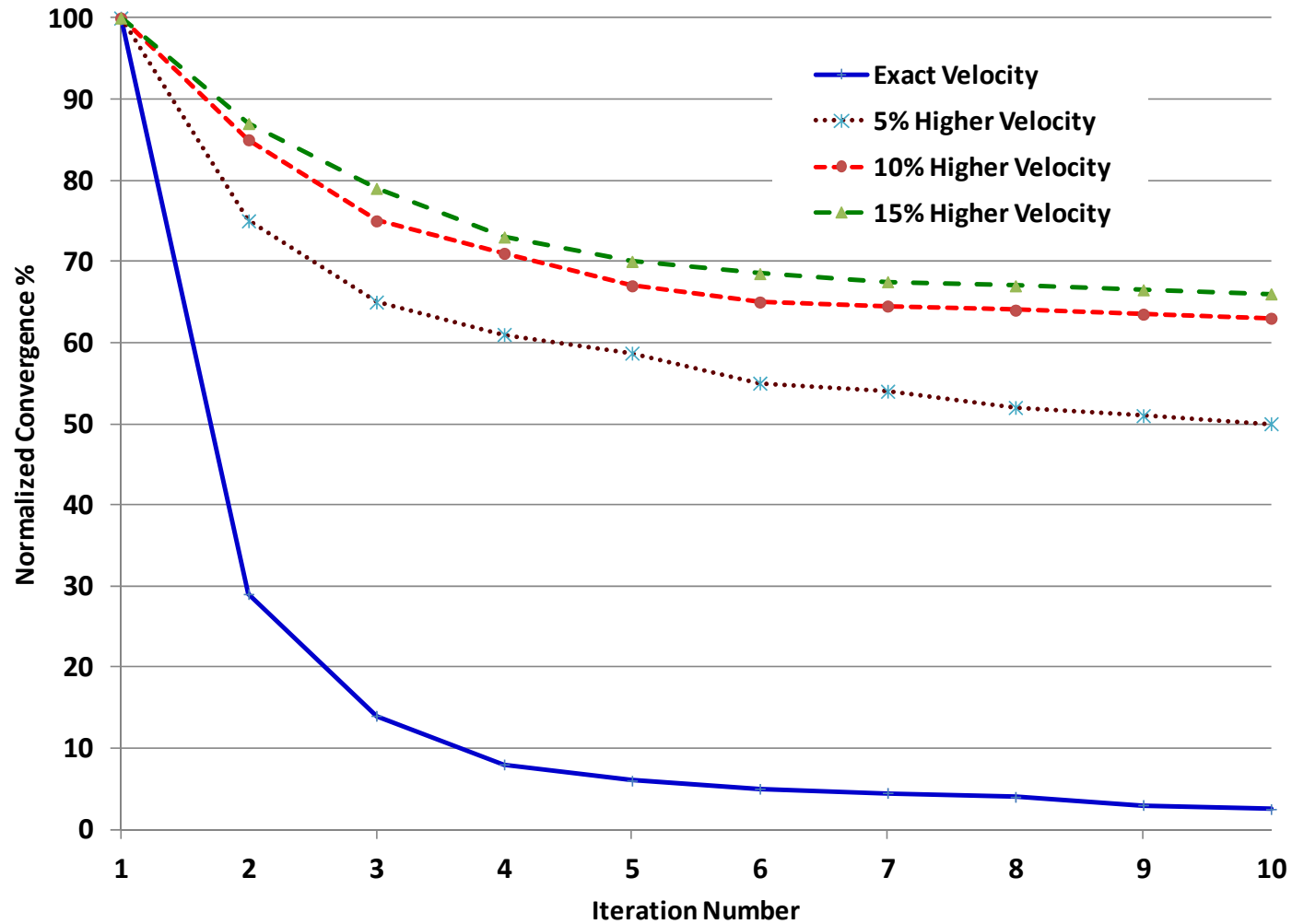


# Synthetic data; Data Reconstruction:

- 5% higher velocity



# Synthetic data; LSCG Convergence:



# Velocity evaluation

- LSPSM is more sensitive to the accuracy of the velocity model.
- One can define an imaging velocity is accurate enough when:
  - Provide higher image resolution,
  - in less iterations,
  - Provide acceptable data reconstruction.

# Outline

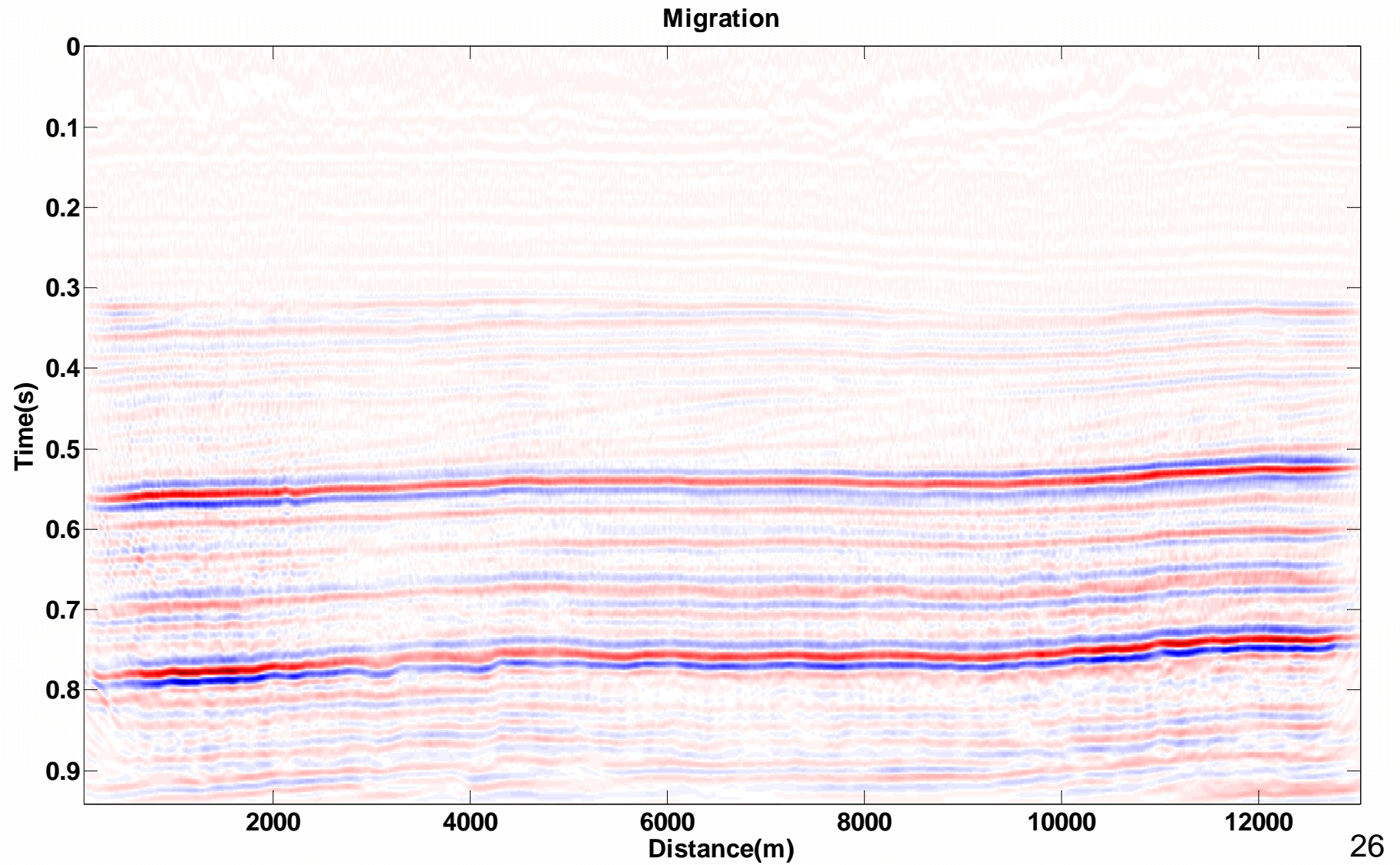
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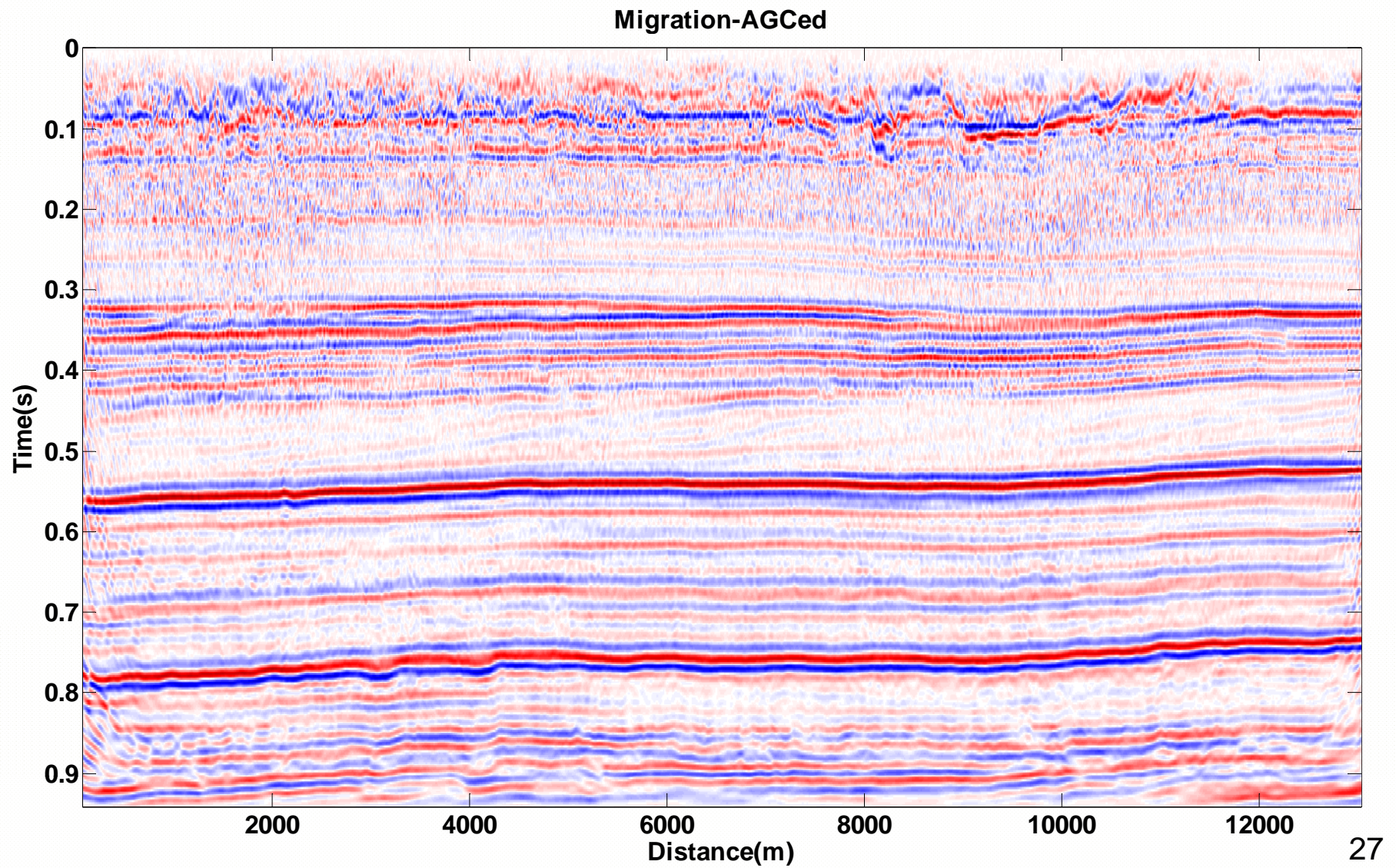
# Velocity evaluation:

- Real data NE-BC
- 65000 trace, 10 m interval
- 220 source
- 50% of regularly selected data

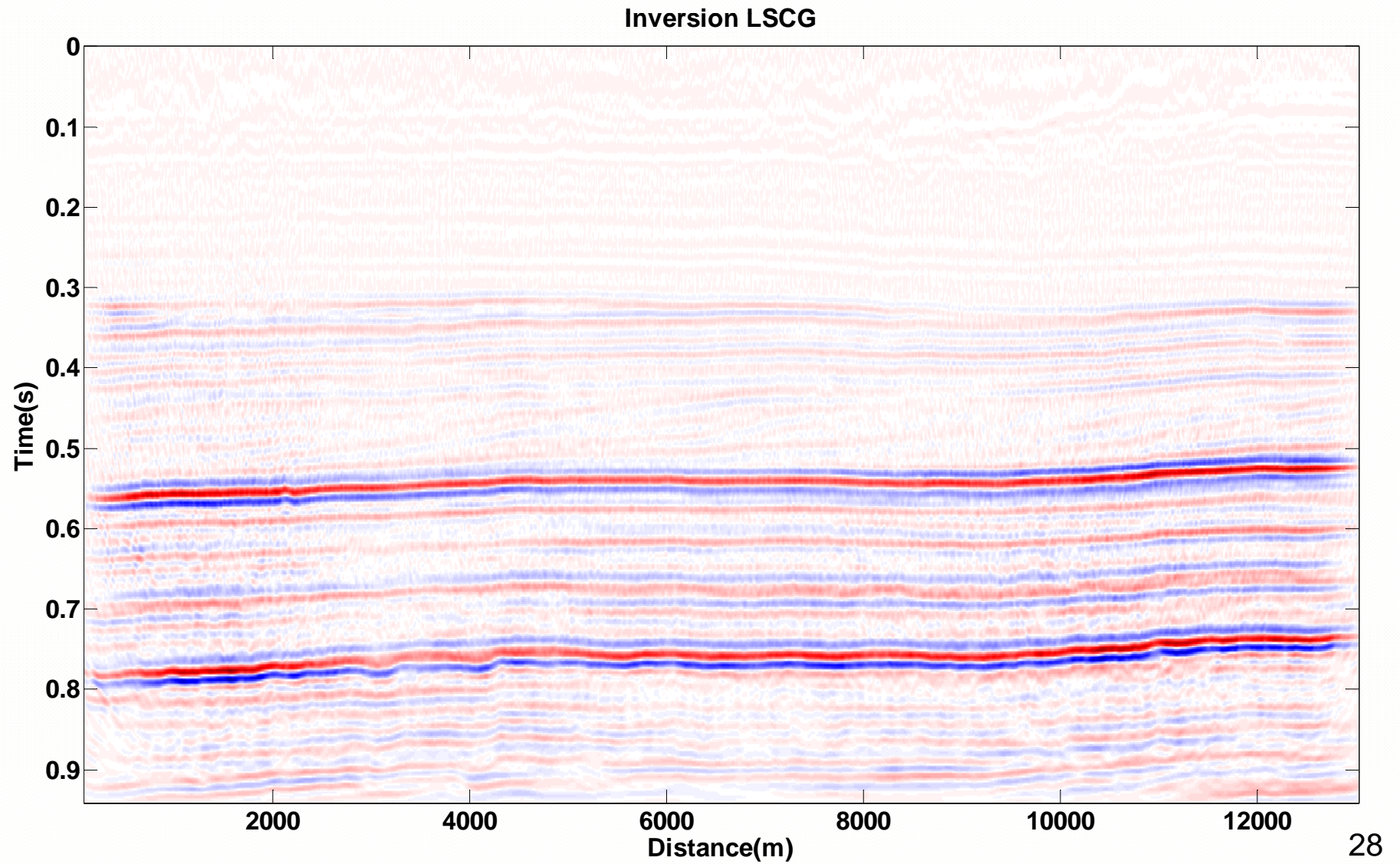
# Real data; Migration:



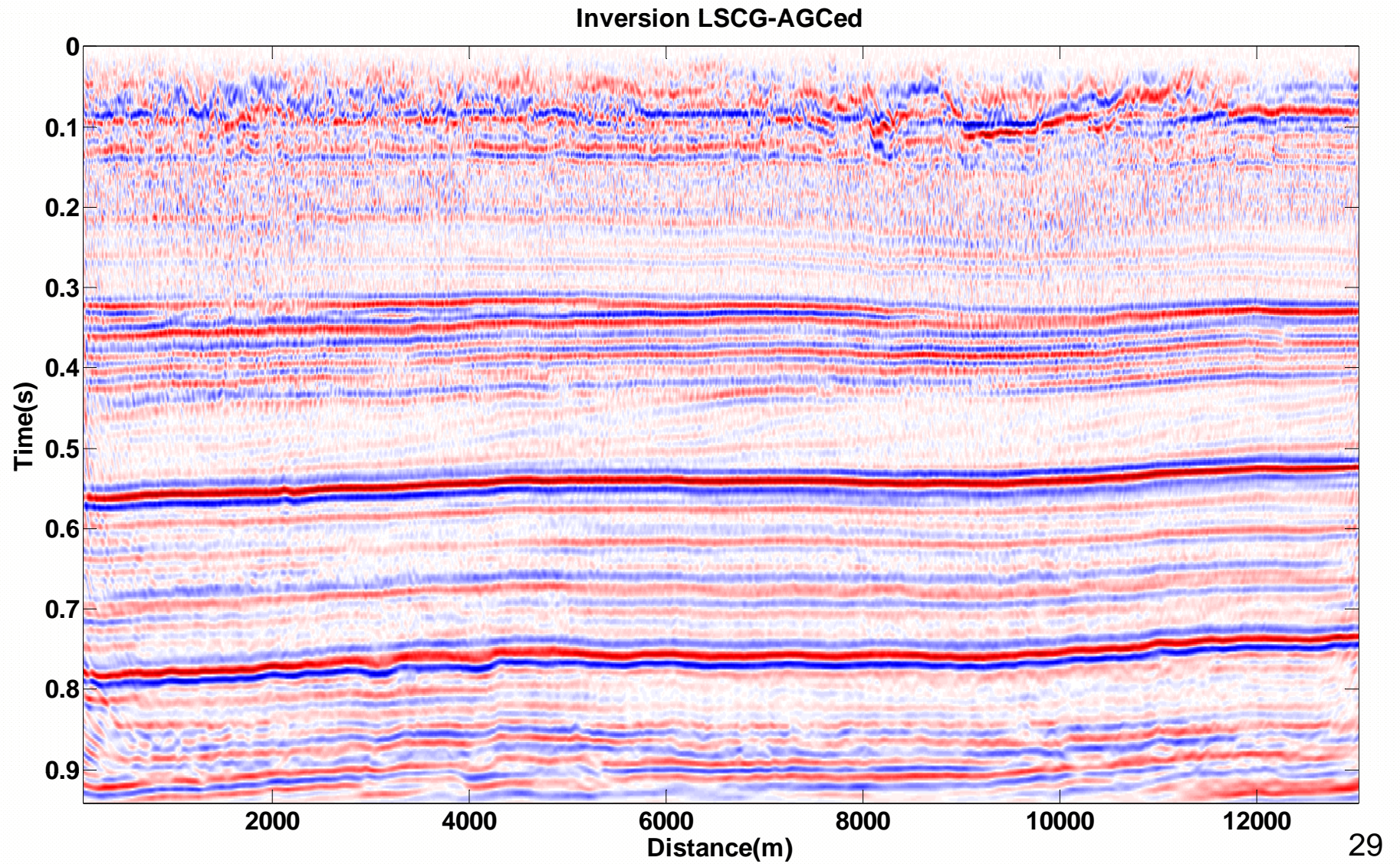
# Real data; Migration (AGC):



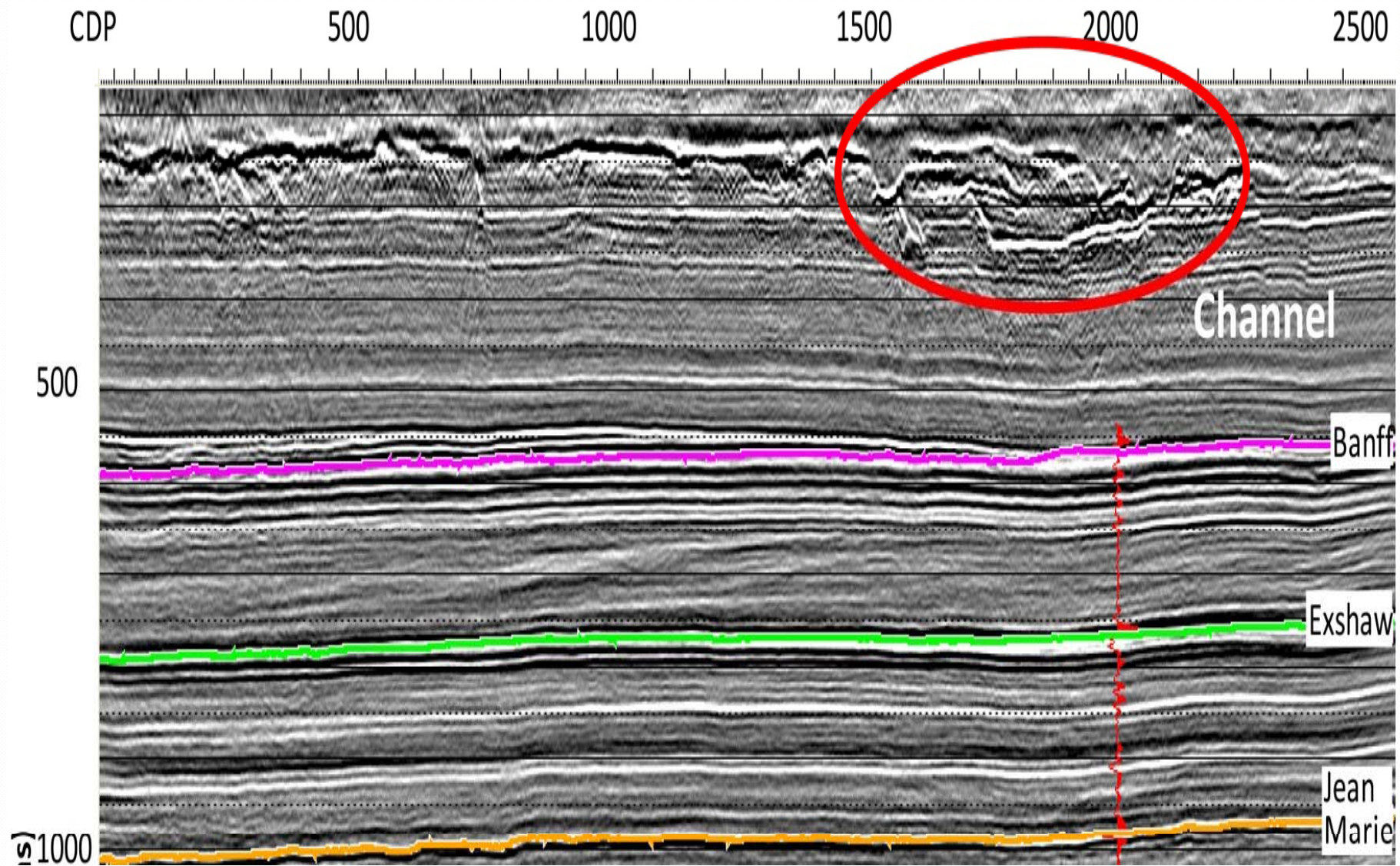
# Real data; LSPSM:



# Real data; LSPSM (AGC):



# Real data; Result from processing company:

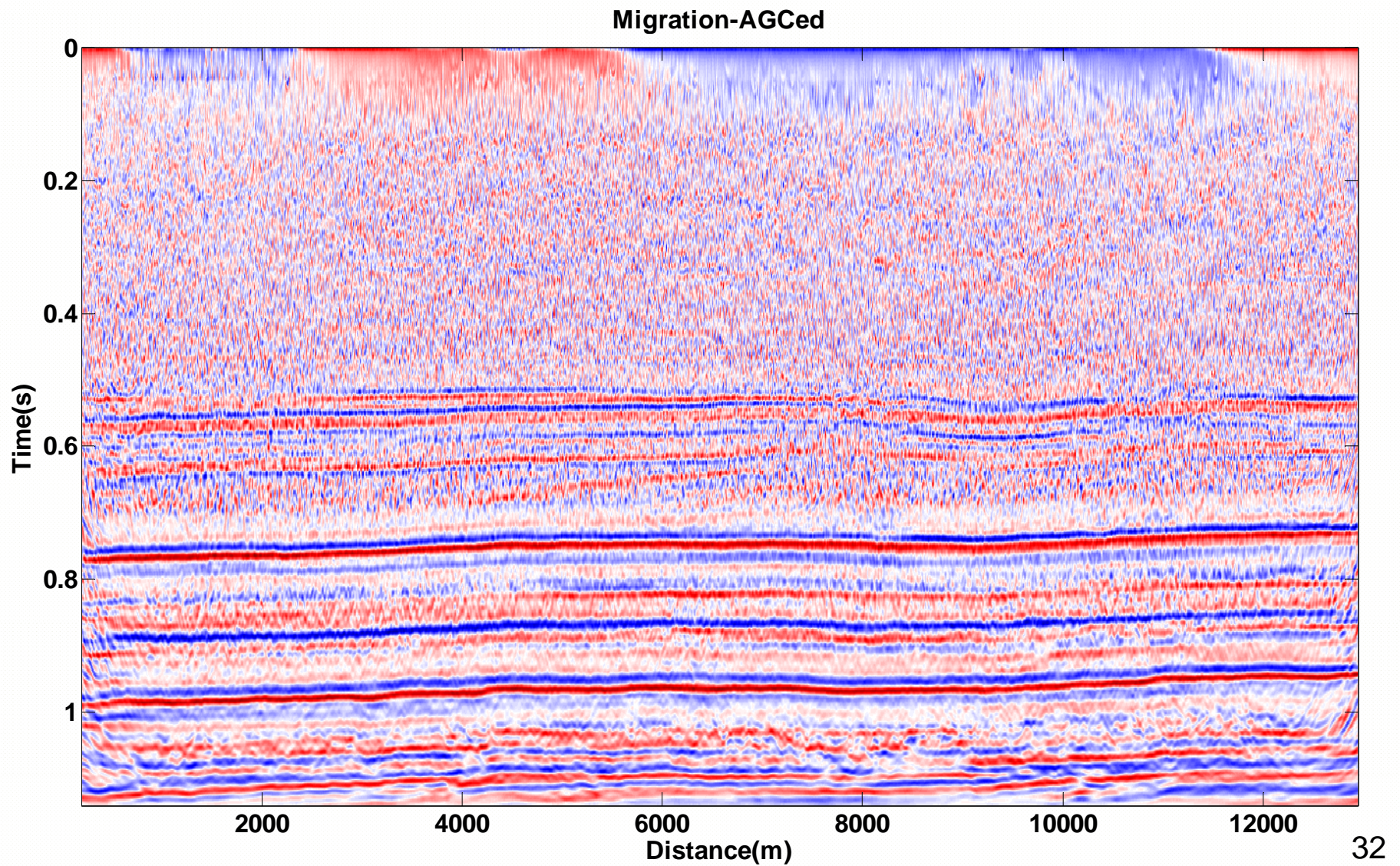


# Velocity evaluation:

- Velocity semblances show interbed multiples.
- Parabolic Radon Transform for de-multiplication.
- Real data after de-multiplication:

# Demultiplied real data; Migration (AGC):

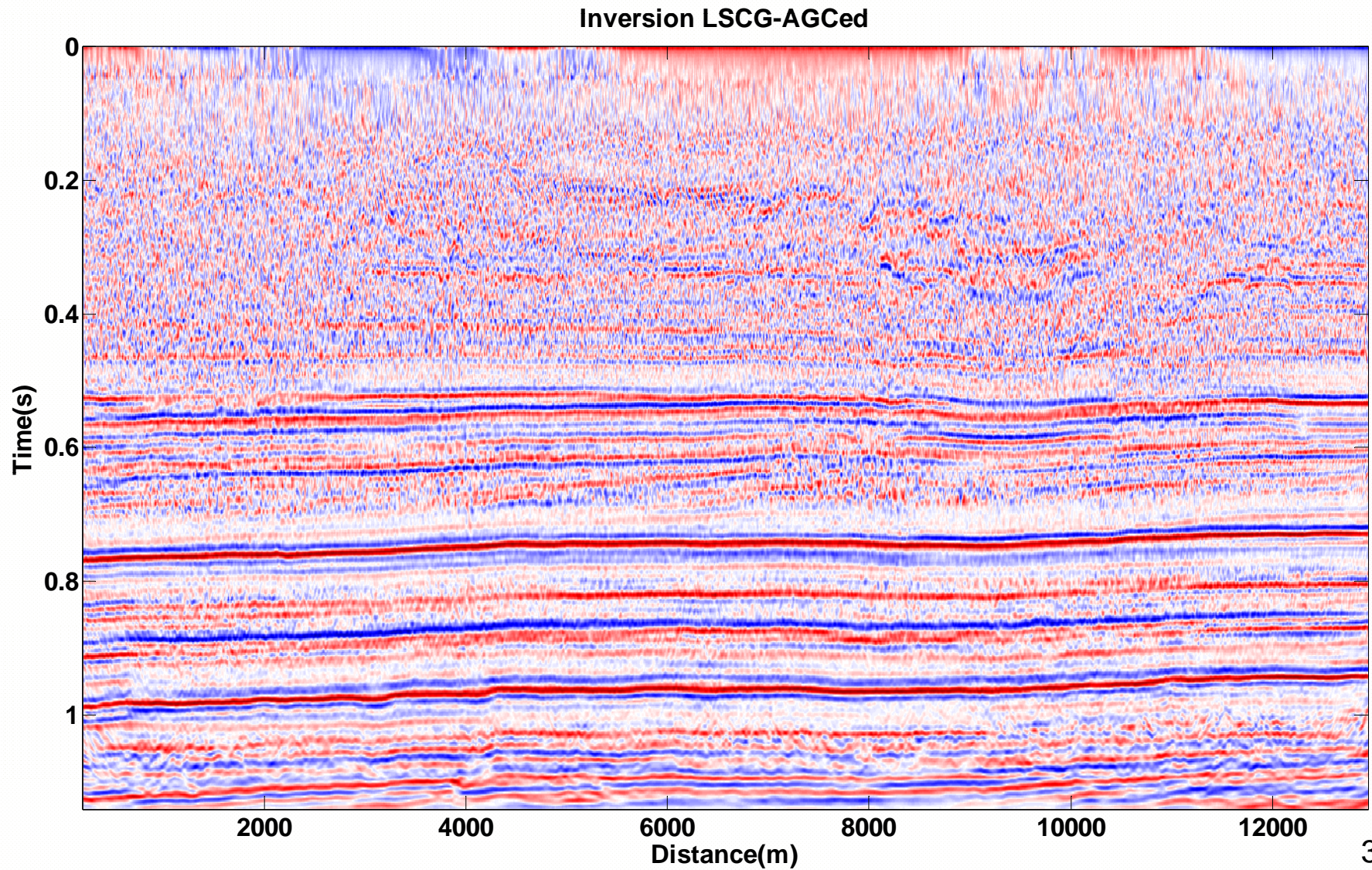
- Only 5% of data





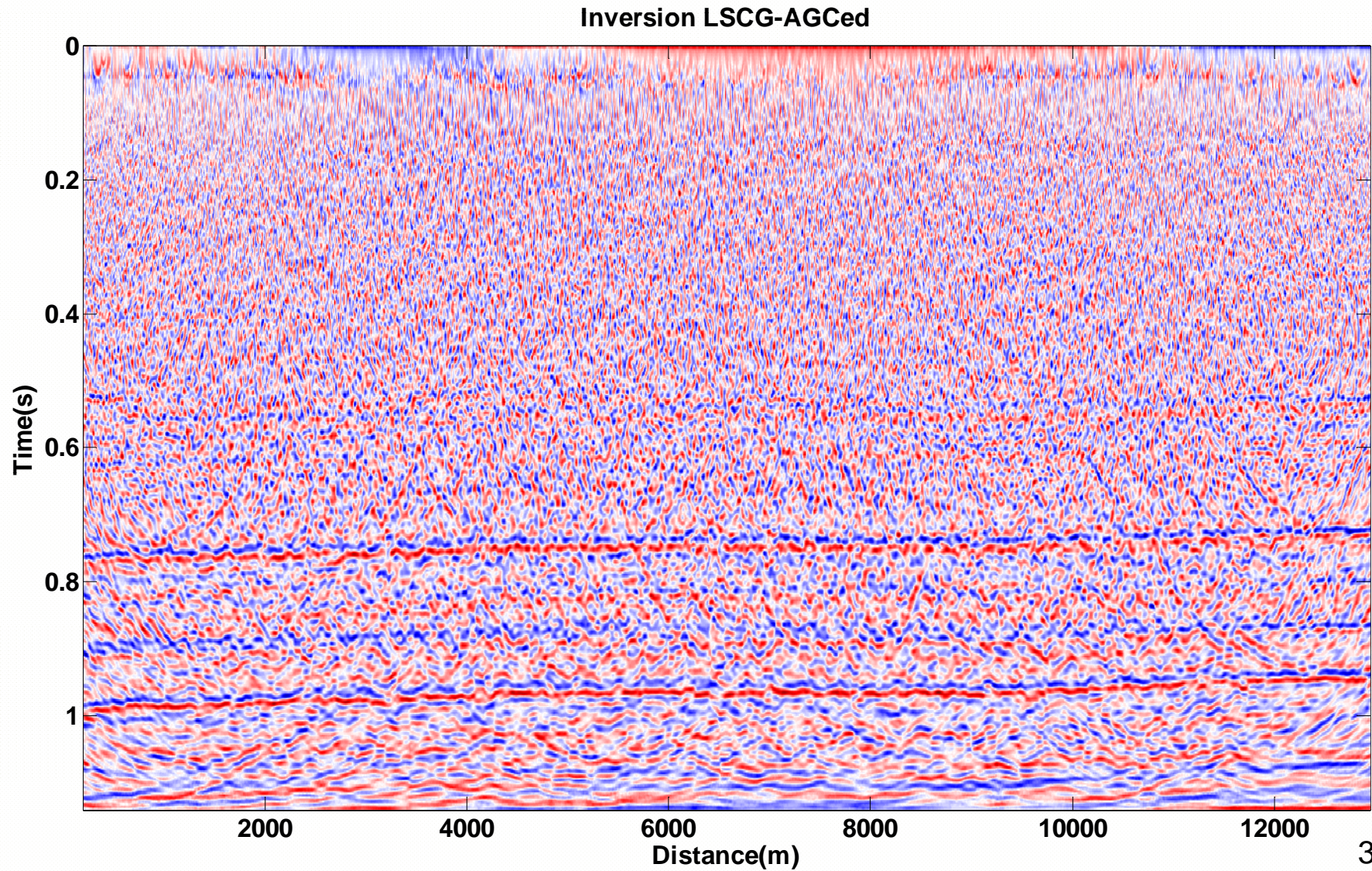
# Demultiplied real data; LSPSM (AGC):

- Only 5% of data

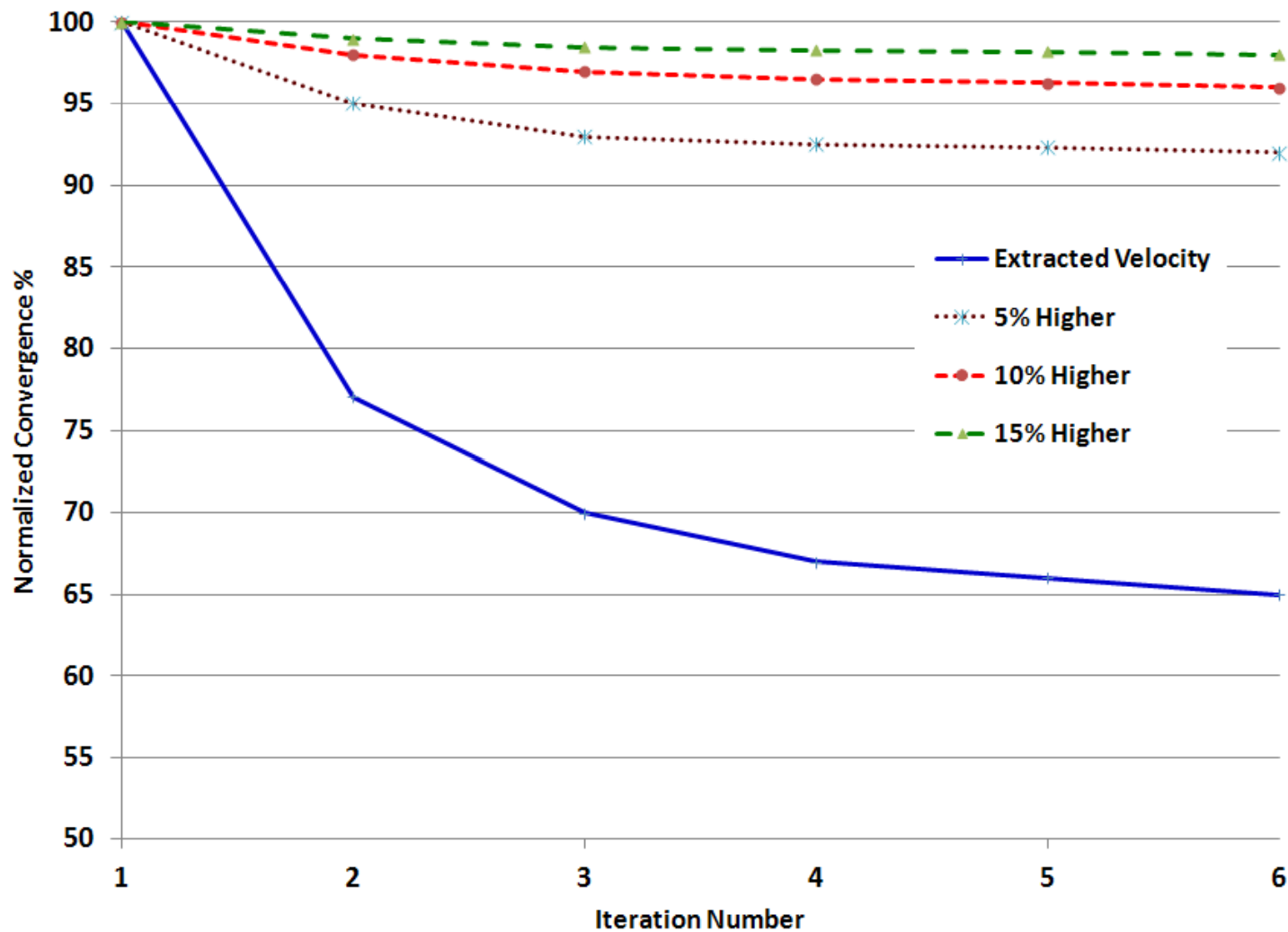


# Demultiplied real data; LSPSM (AGC):

- only 5% of data & 5% higher velocity



# Demultiplied real data; LSCG Convergence:



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## Summary:

- Kirchhoff LSPSM provide high resolution image and attenuate migration artifacts.
- It requires a good knowledge of velocity.
- Velocity is accurate when LSPSM:
  - Provide higher image resolution,
  - in less iterations,
  - Provide a good data reconstruction.

## Summary:

- LSPSM may be used for evaluation of estimated velocity.
- Cost can be reduced if highly decimated data (5%) used.
- Data should be multiple-free.

## **Future work** (before Sponsors' meeting):

- Changing multiple attenuation method, parameters, or software.
- Adding regularization term.
  - Suggestions
  - Recommendations
  - Questions