

Elastic FWI with probabilistic model constraints

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❑ **Challenges of EFWI: Highly nonlinear and ill-posed**

Uncertainty caused by insufficient data, noise, parameter crosstalk...

❑ **Regularization: Constraining the solution**

Objective function: $E(\mathbf{m}) = E_d(\mathbf{m}) + \lambda E_c(\mathbf{m})$

Data misfit: $\|\mathbf{d}_{obs} - \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{m})\|^2$ Model penalty





Regularization schemes

Smoothness: $E_c(\mathbf{m}) = \|\mathbf{D}_x \mathbf{m}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{D}_z \mathbf{m}\|^2$ Tikhonov, 1977

Prior estimate: $E_c(\mathbf{m}) = \|\mathbf{W}_m(\mathbf{m} - \mathbf{m}_p)\|^2$ Asnaashari, 2013

Explicit relations: $E_c(\mathbf{m}) = \|\mathbf{m}_1 - f(\mathbf{m}_2)\|^2$ Hu, 2021

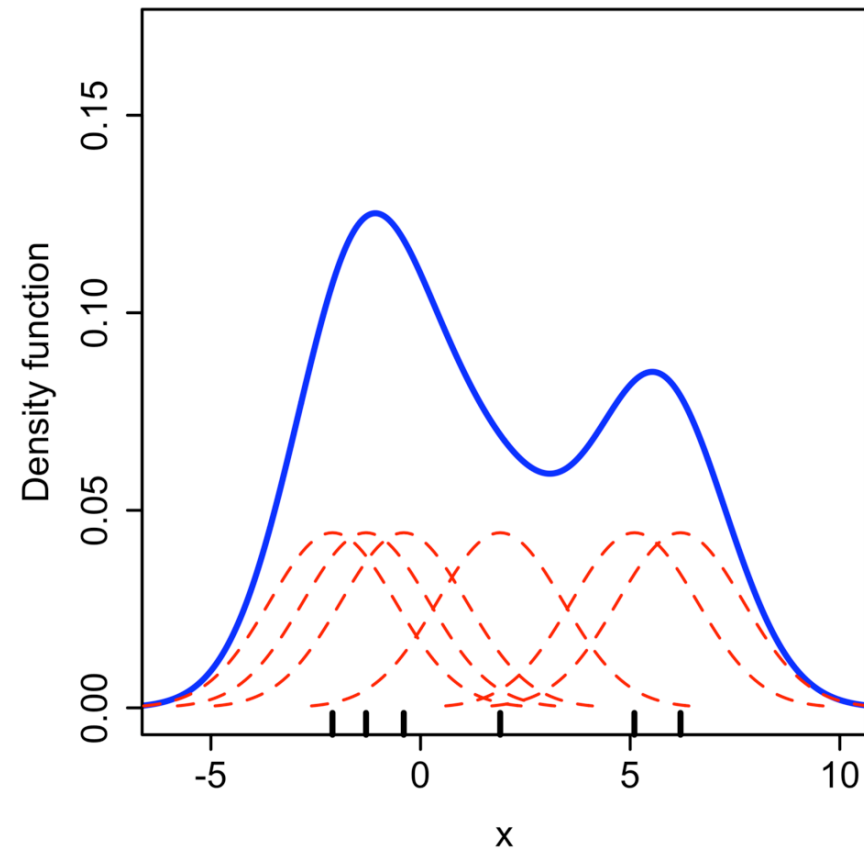
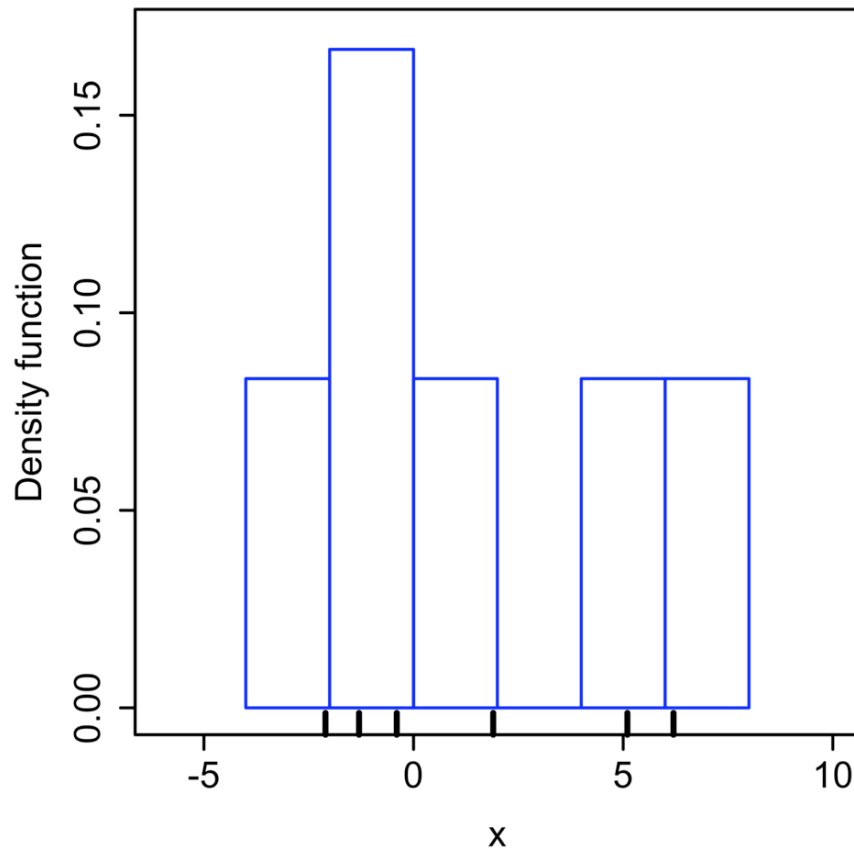
Probabilistic distribution:

$$E_c(\mathbf{m}) = \sum_{\mathbf{m}} D(\mathbf{m})$$

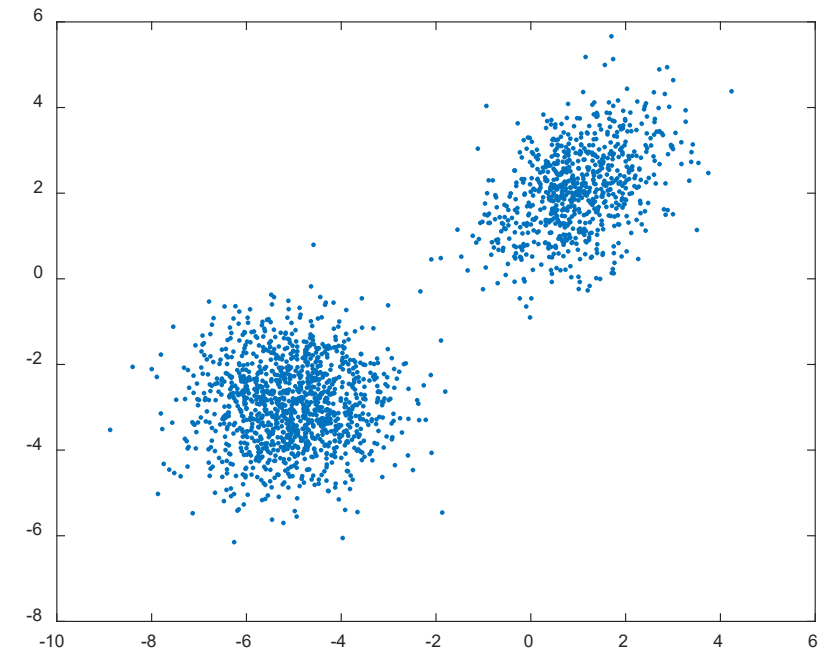
Aragao, 2020

$$f_h(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n K_h(x - x_i) = \frac{1}{nh} \sum_{i=1}^n K\left(\frac{x - x_i}{h}\right)$$

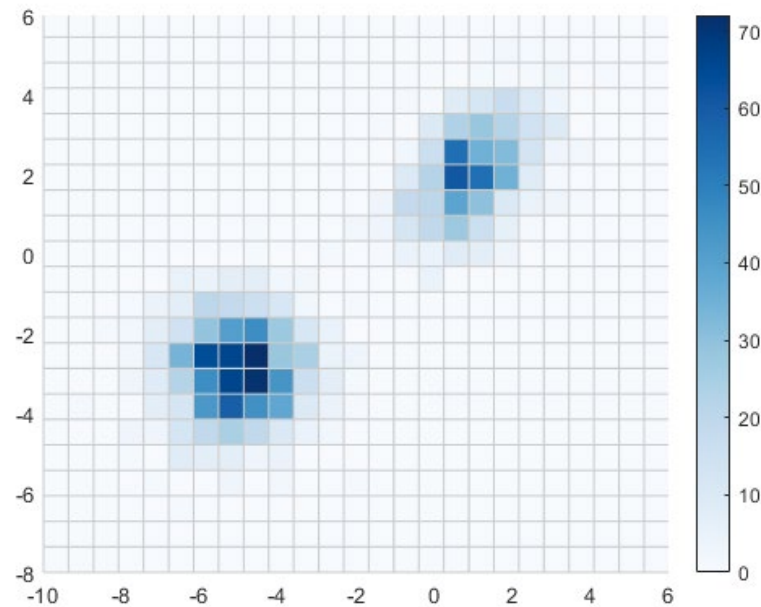
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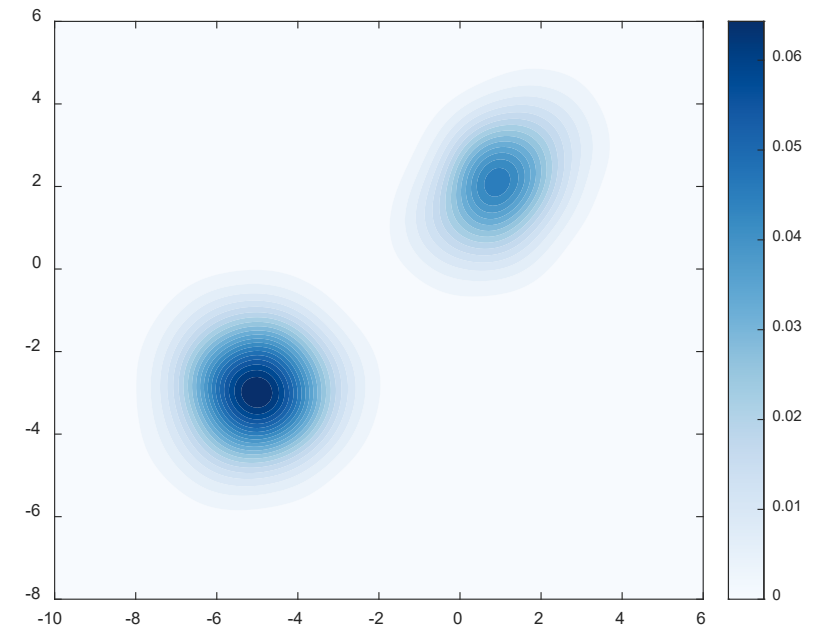
Data



2D Histogram

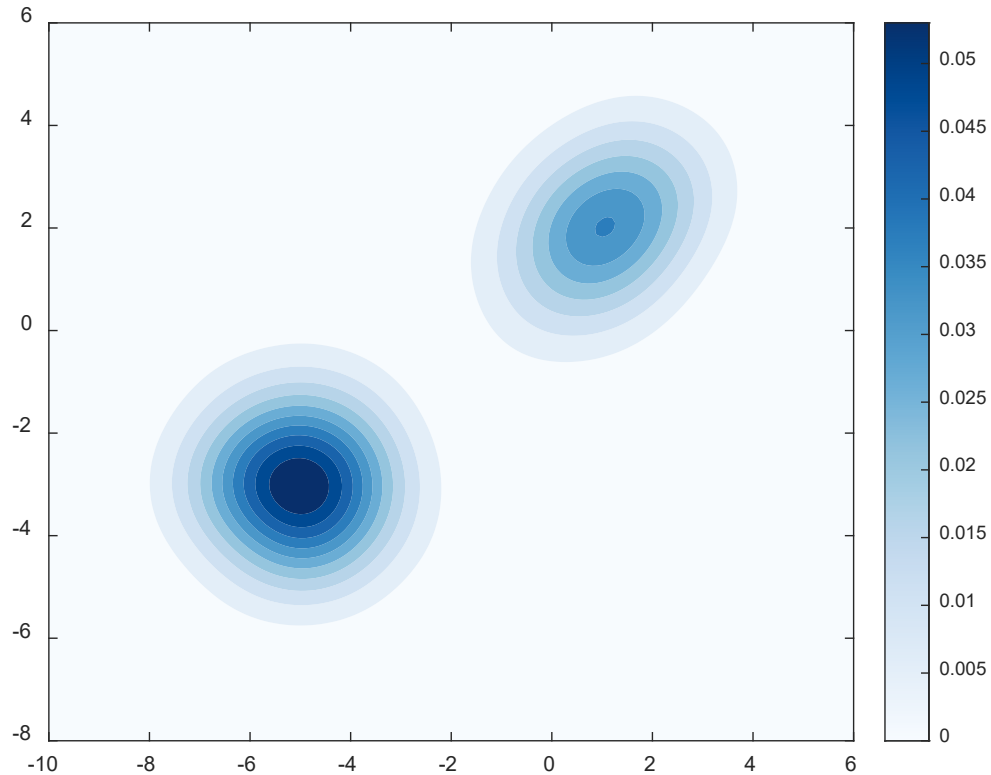


KDE

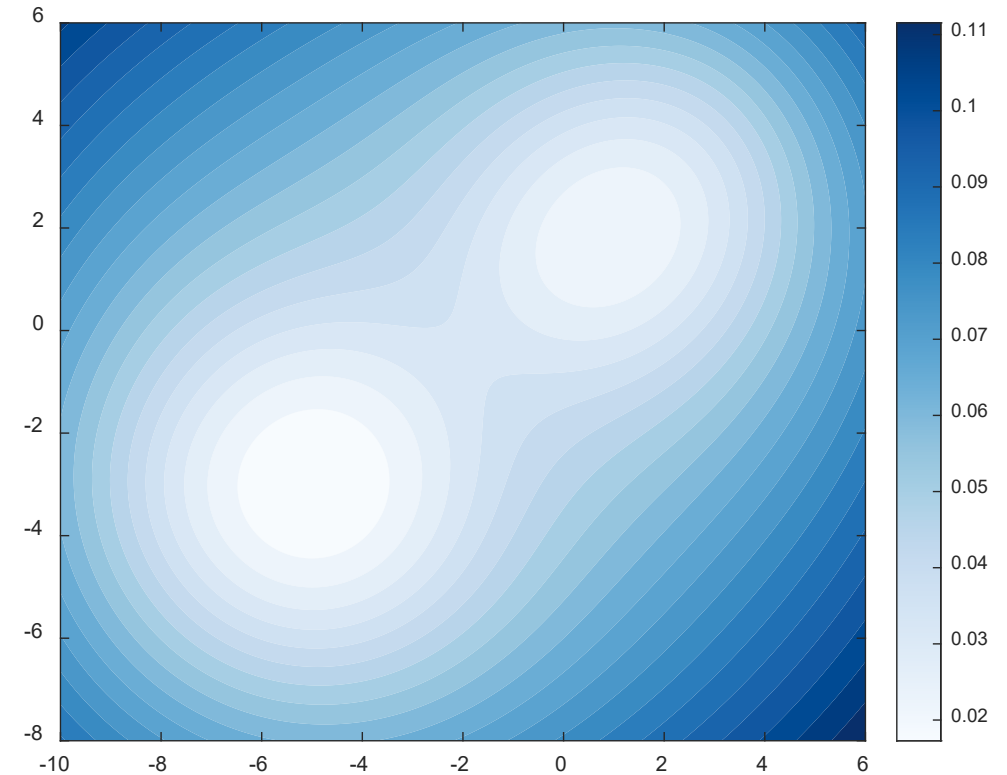




PDF



Distance to the PDF

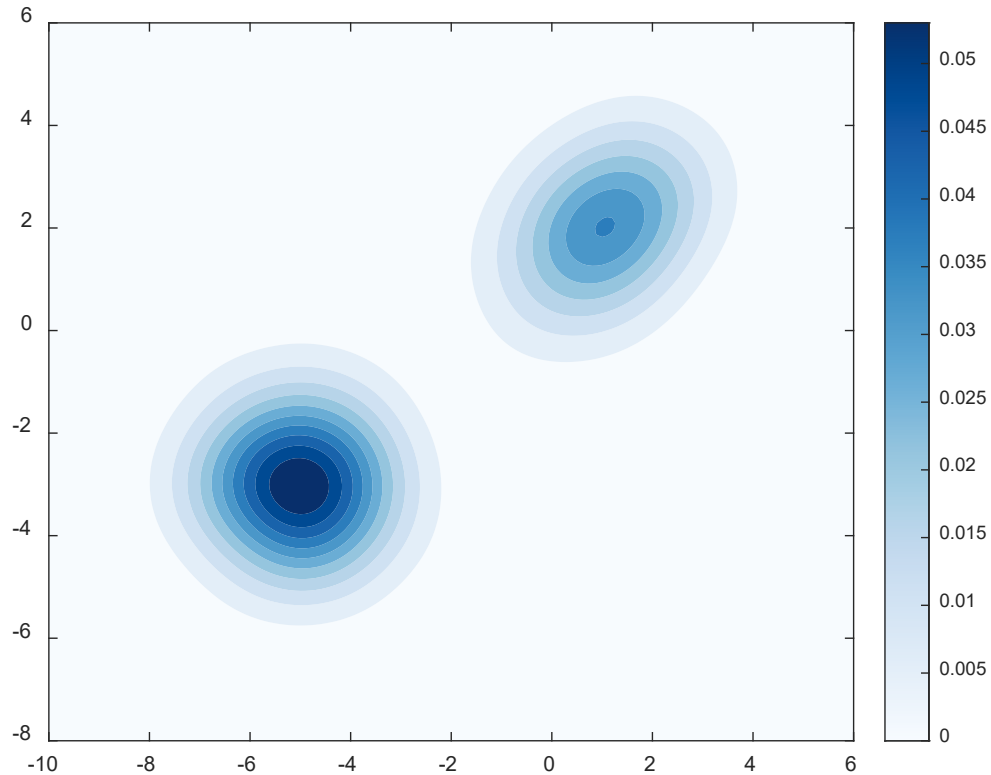


$$\frac{1}{D(\mathbf{m})} = \sum_{\mathbf{p}} \frac{f(\mathbf{p})}{d(\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{p})} \quad \text{Aragao, 2020}$$

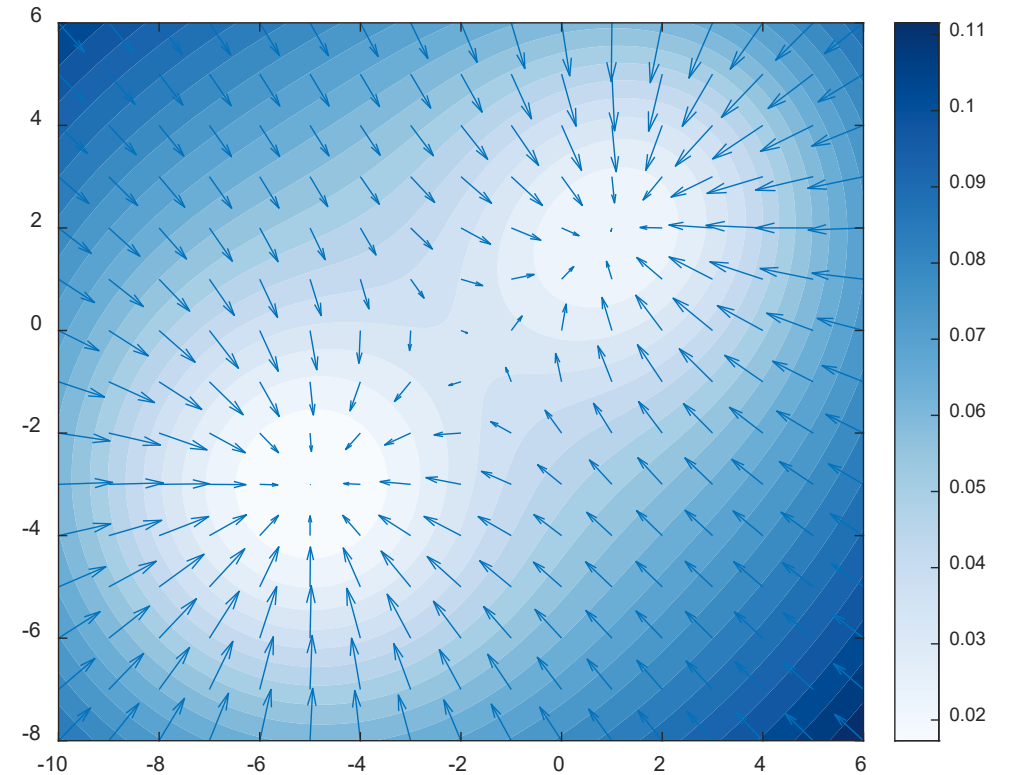


Probabilistic constraint

PDF



Gradient





Proposed method:

$$E_c(\mathbf{m}) = \|f(\mathbf{m}) - f_p\|^2$$

Model Penalty

PDF of current model

Prior PDF

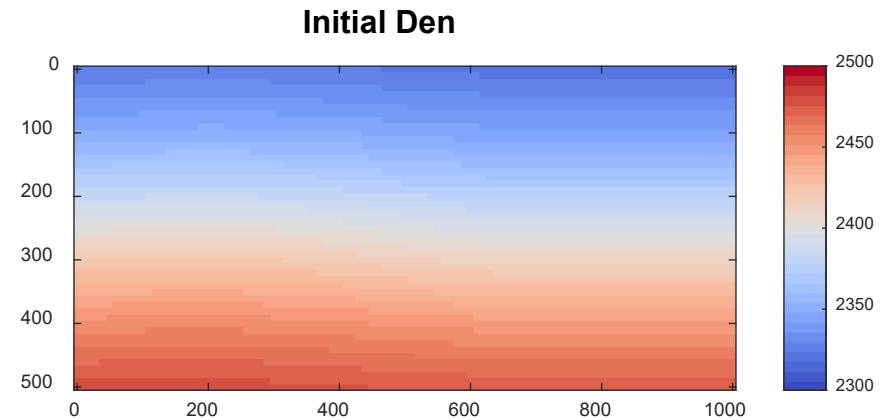
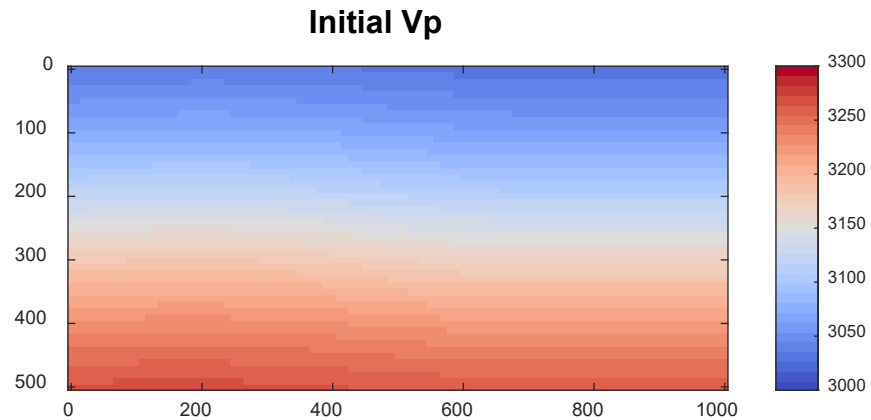
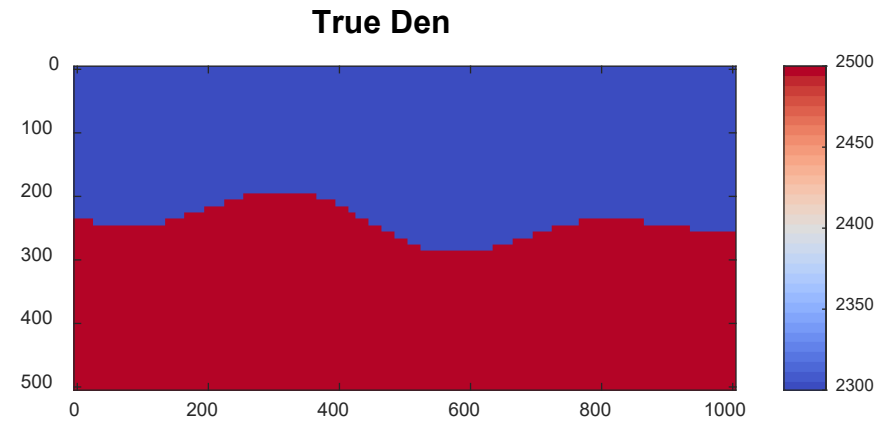
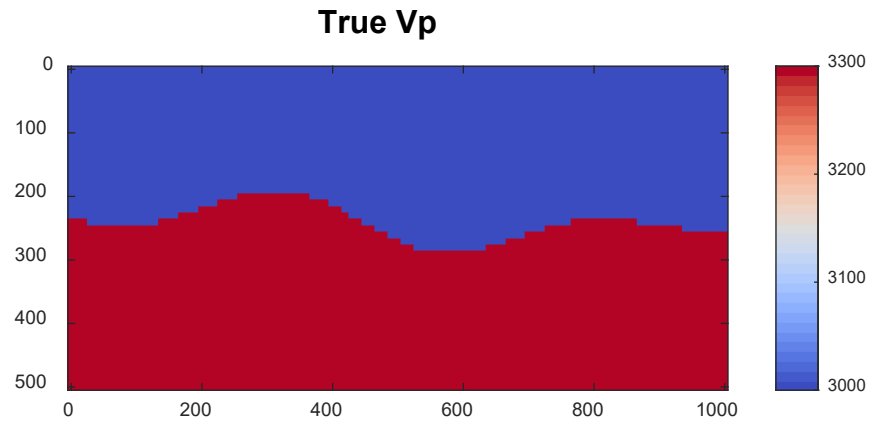
$$f(m^*) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n K(m^*, m_i)$$

Gaussian Kernel:

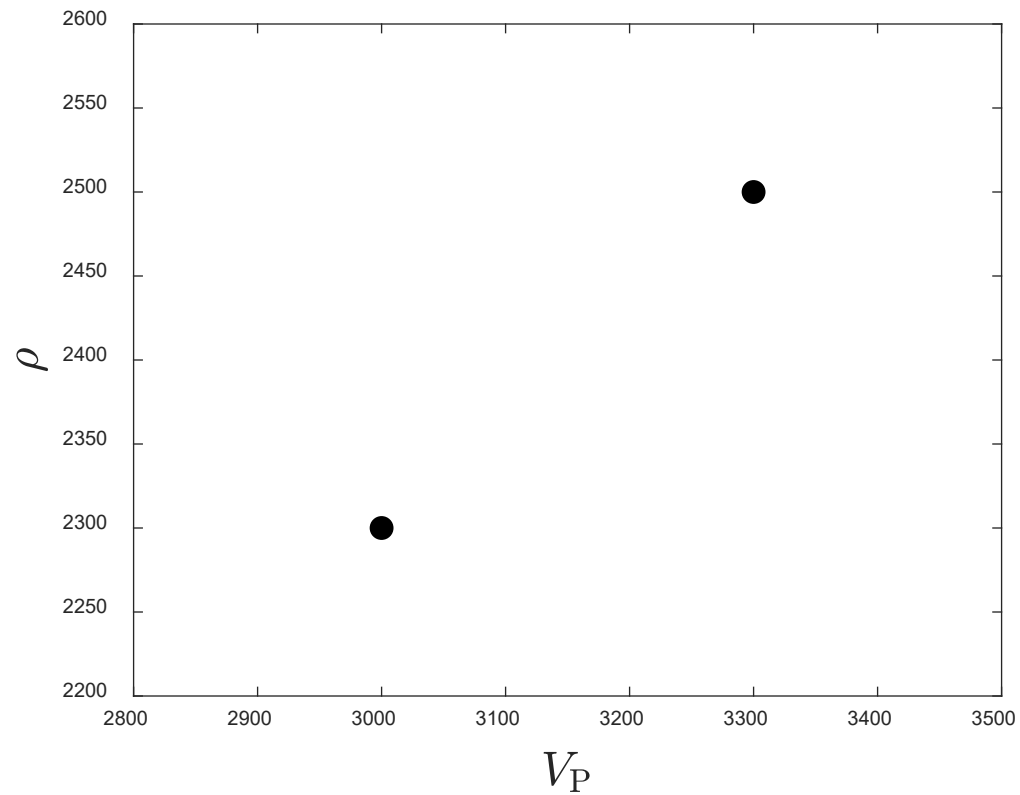
$$K(m^*, m_i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(m^* - m_i)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$



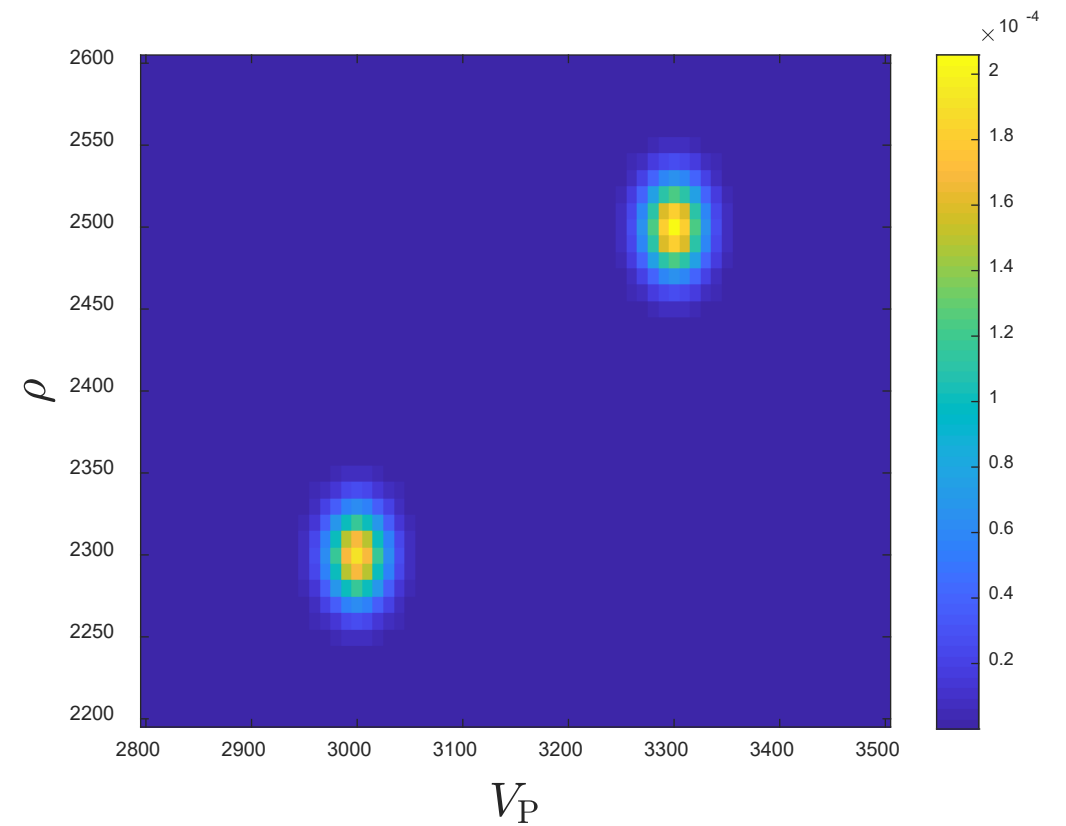
Example one: layer model



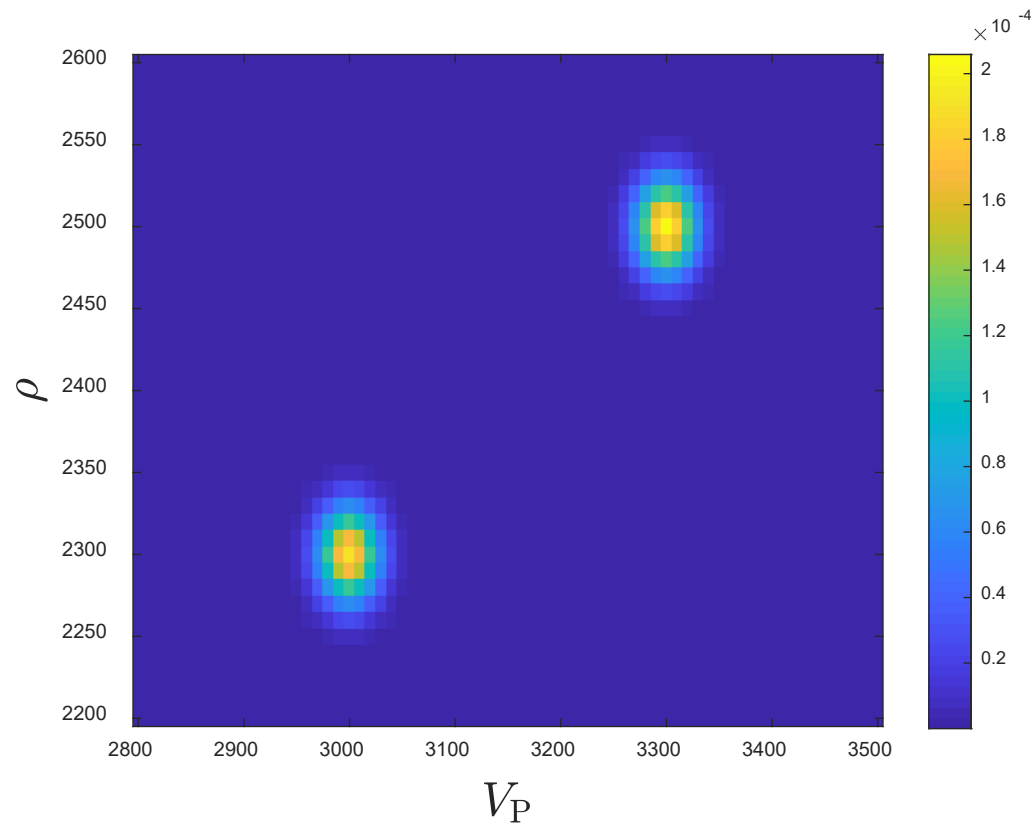
Data



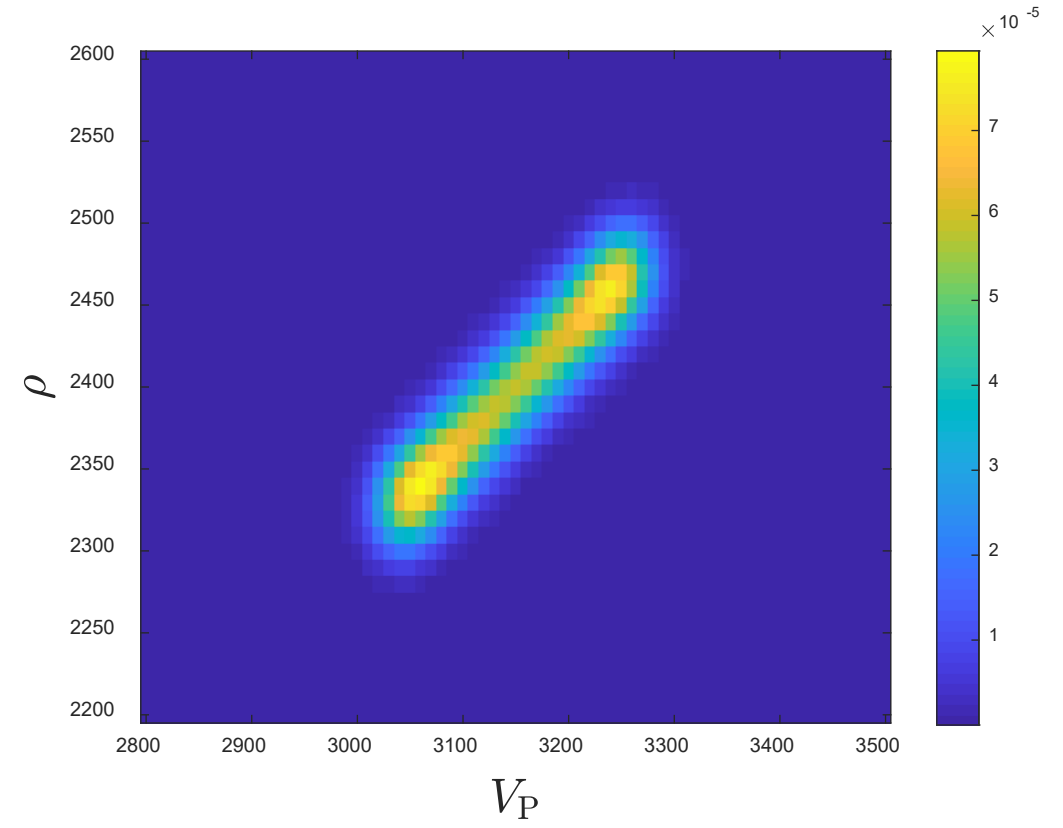
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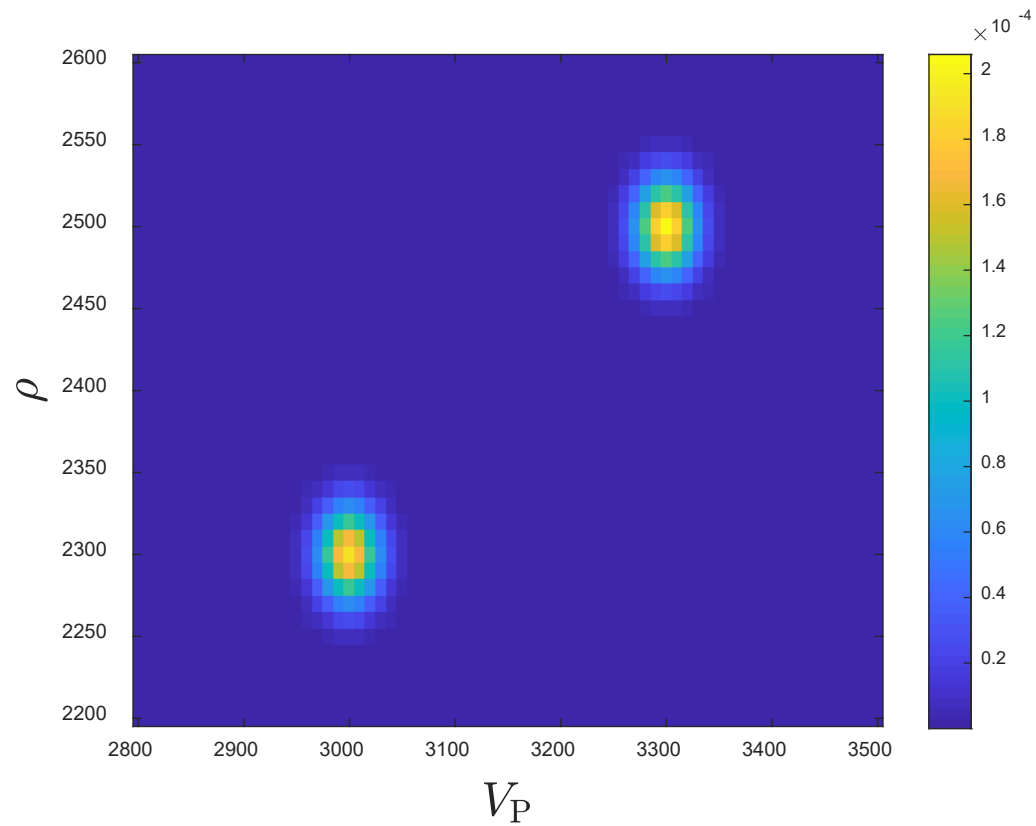
PDF of true model



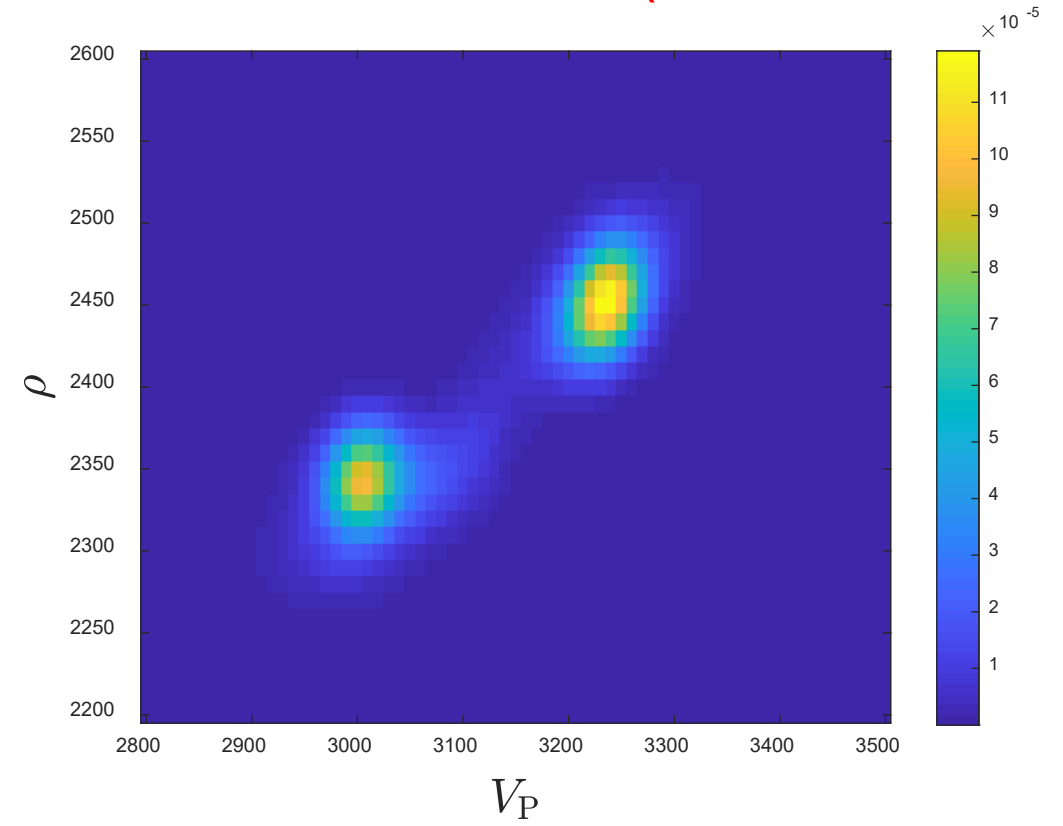
PDF of initial model



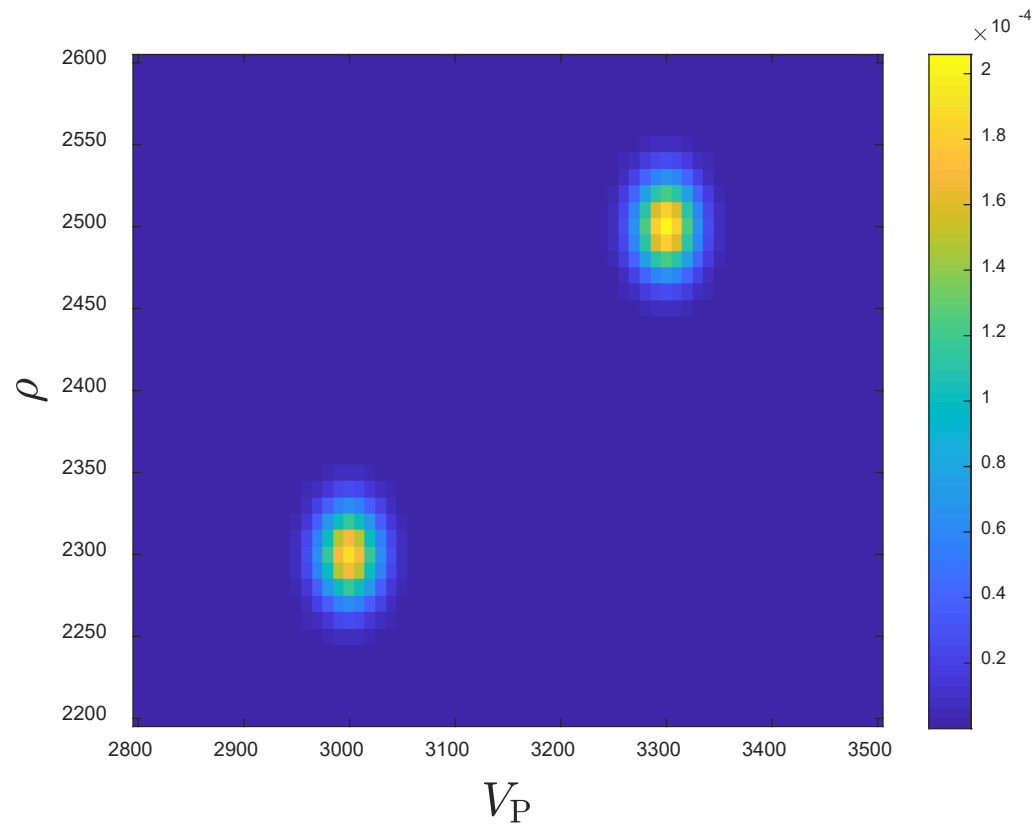
PDF of true model



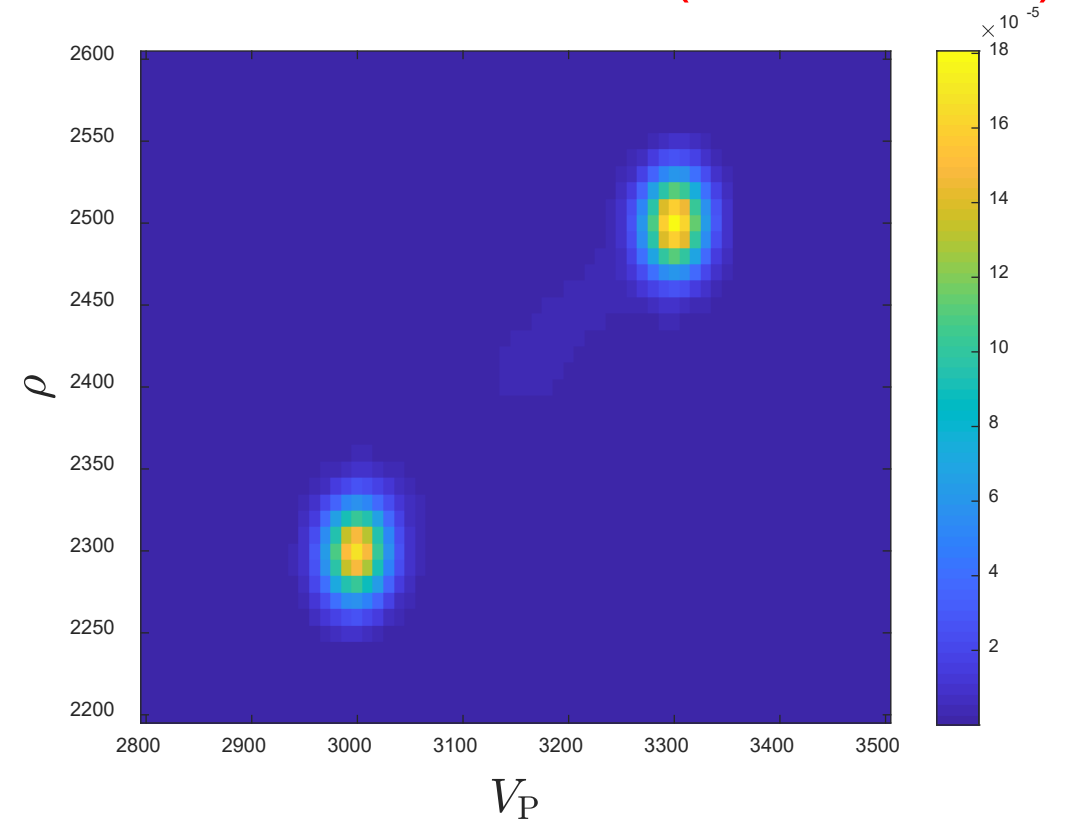
PDF of inverted model (Unconstrained)



PDF of true model

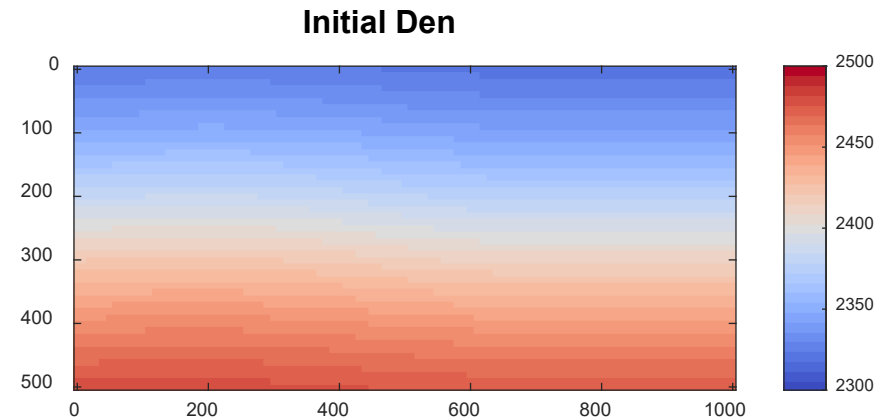
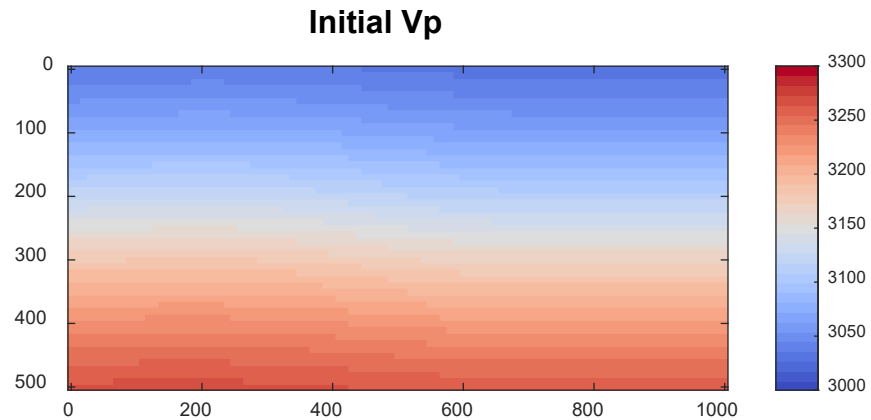
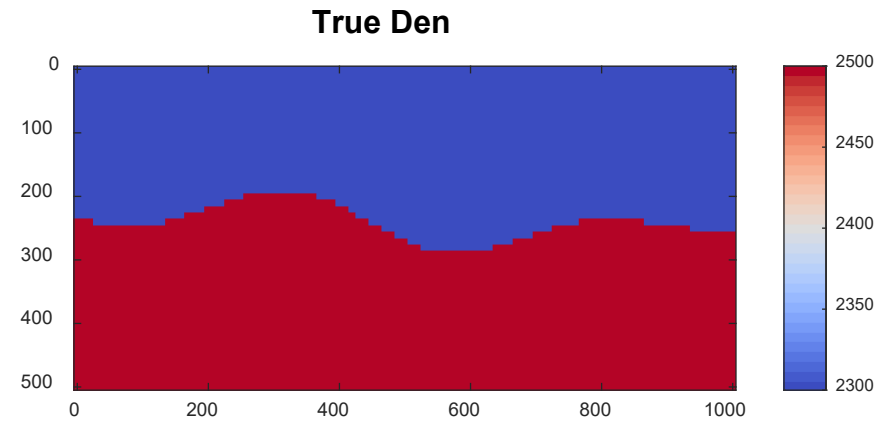
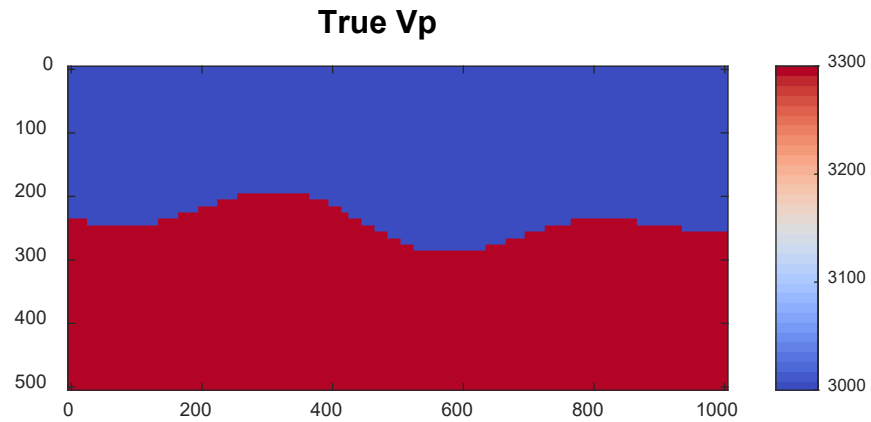


PDF of inverted model (Constrained)



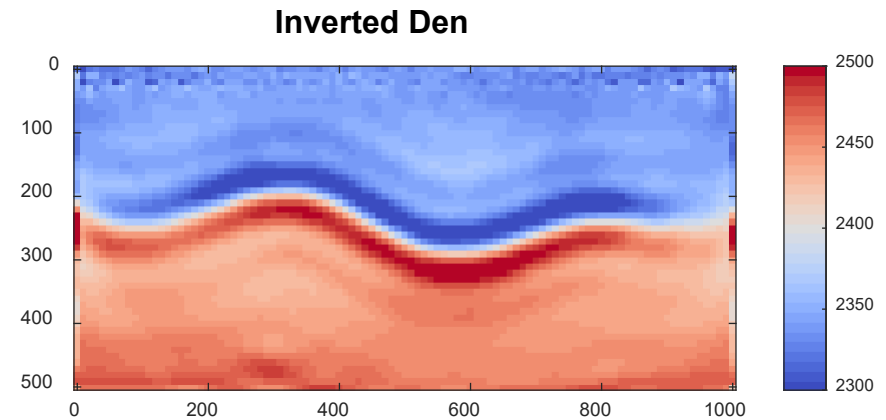
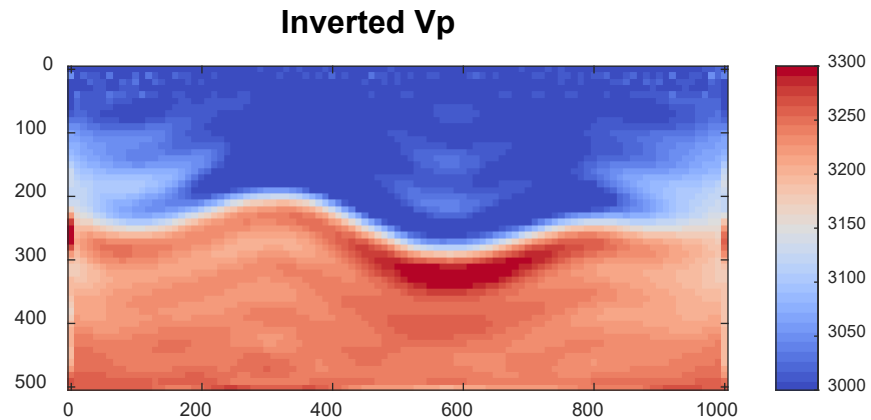
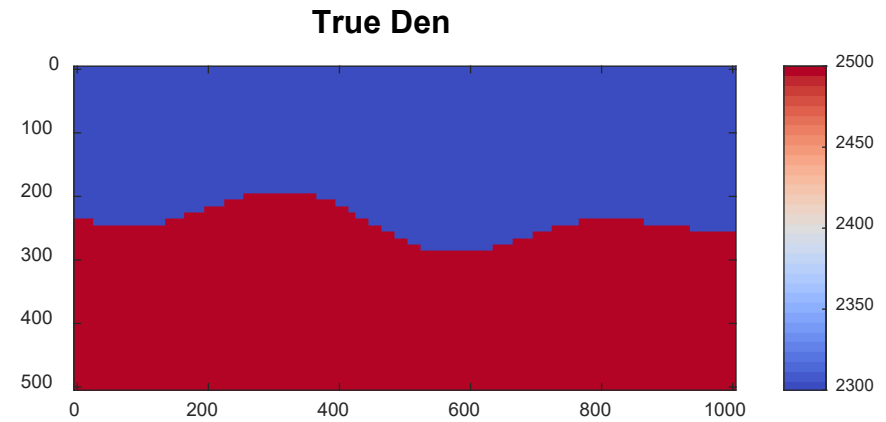
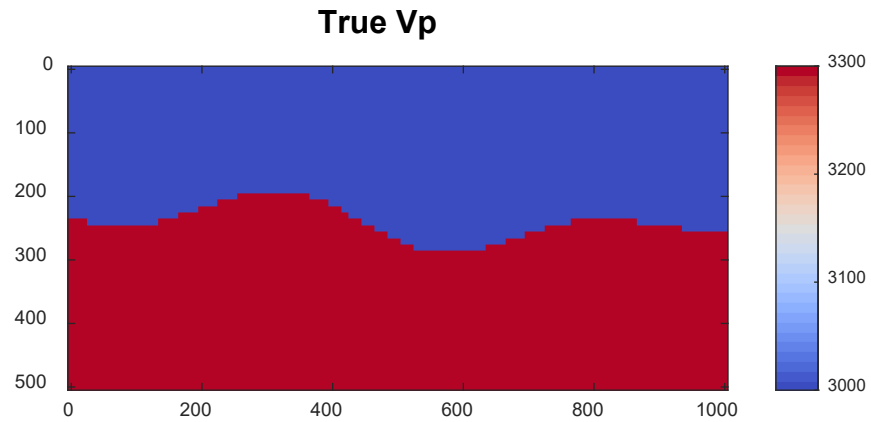


Example one: layer model





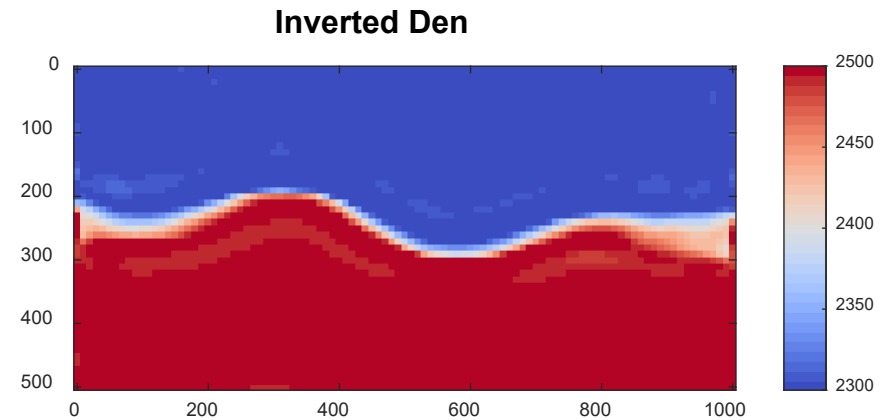
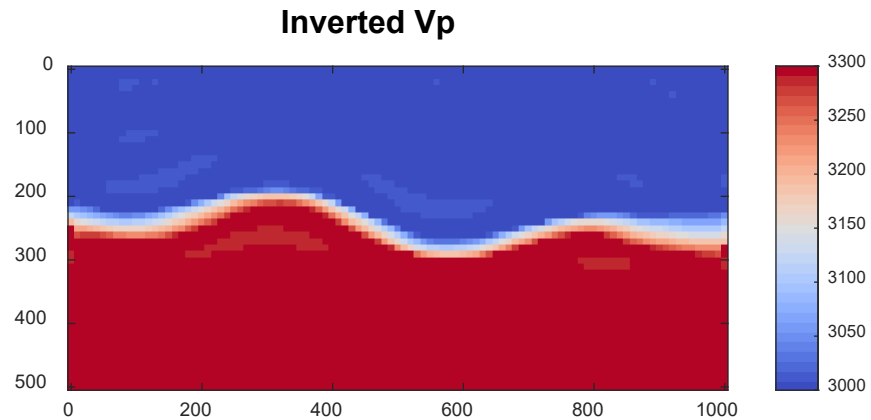
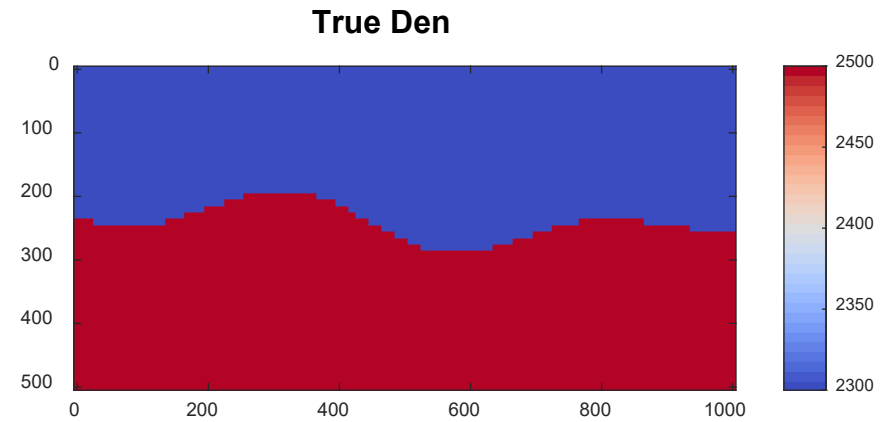
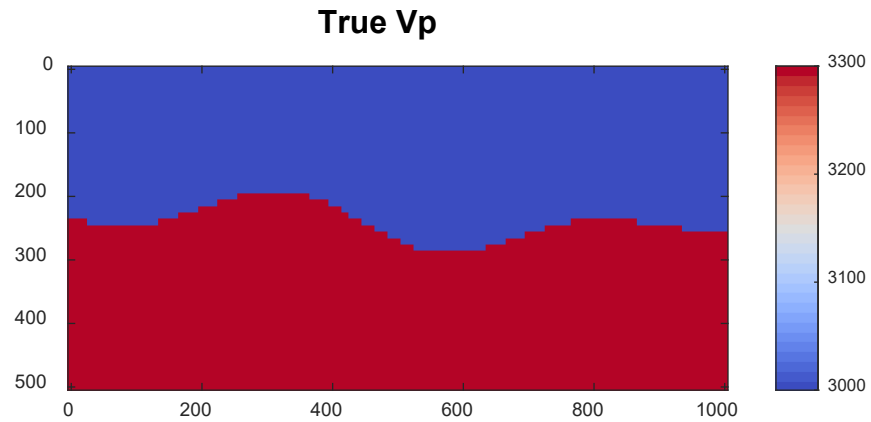
Example one: layer model



Unconstrained

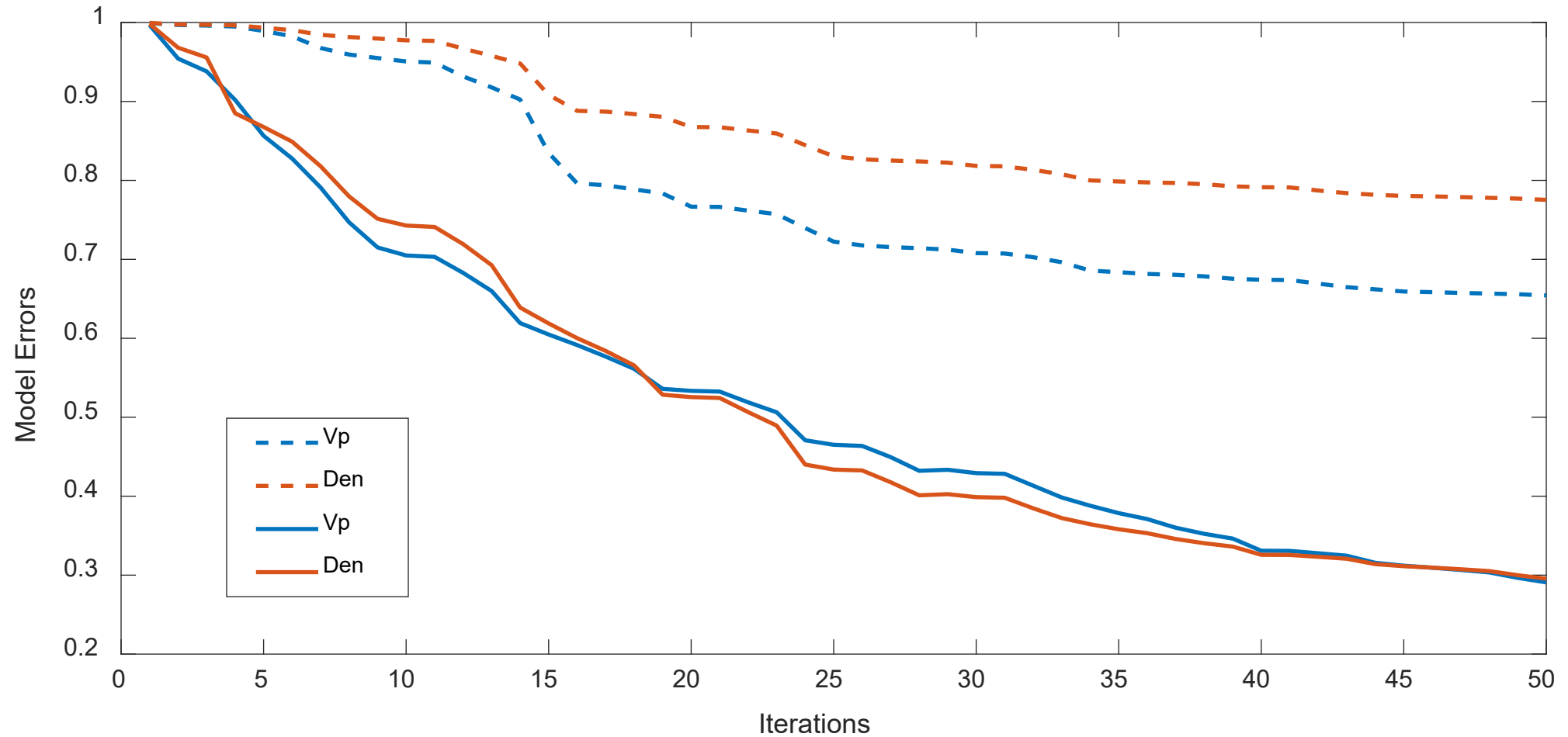


Example one: layer model

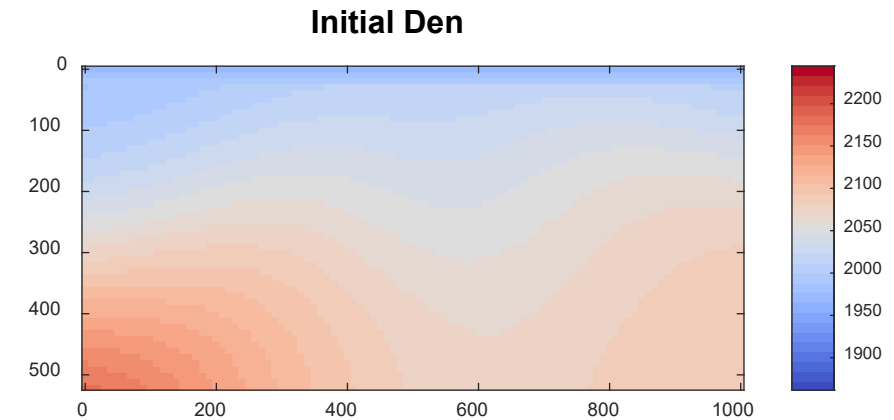
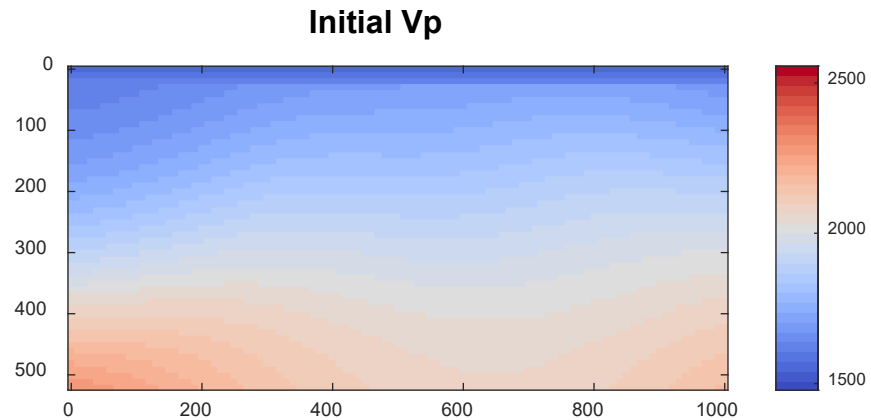
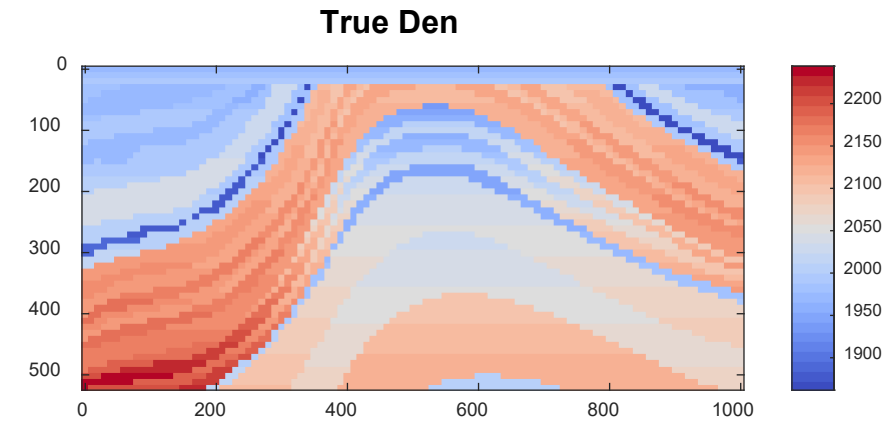
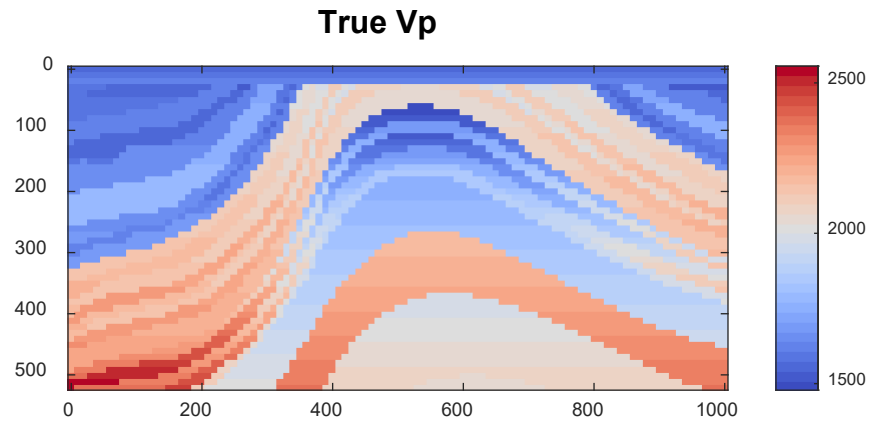


Constrained

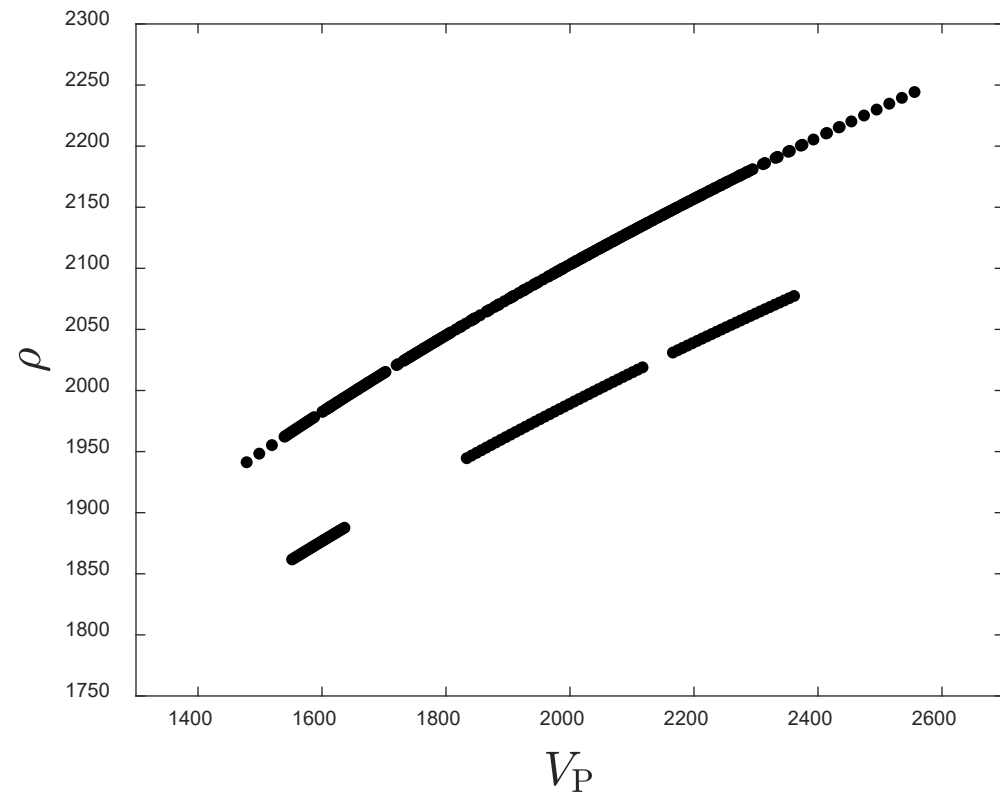
Convergence:



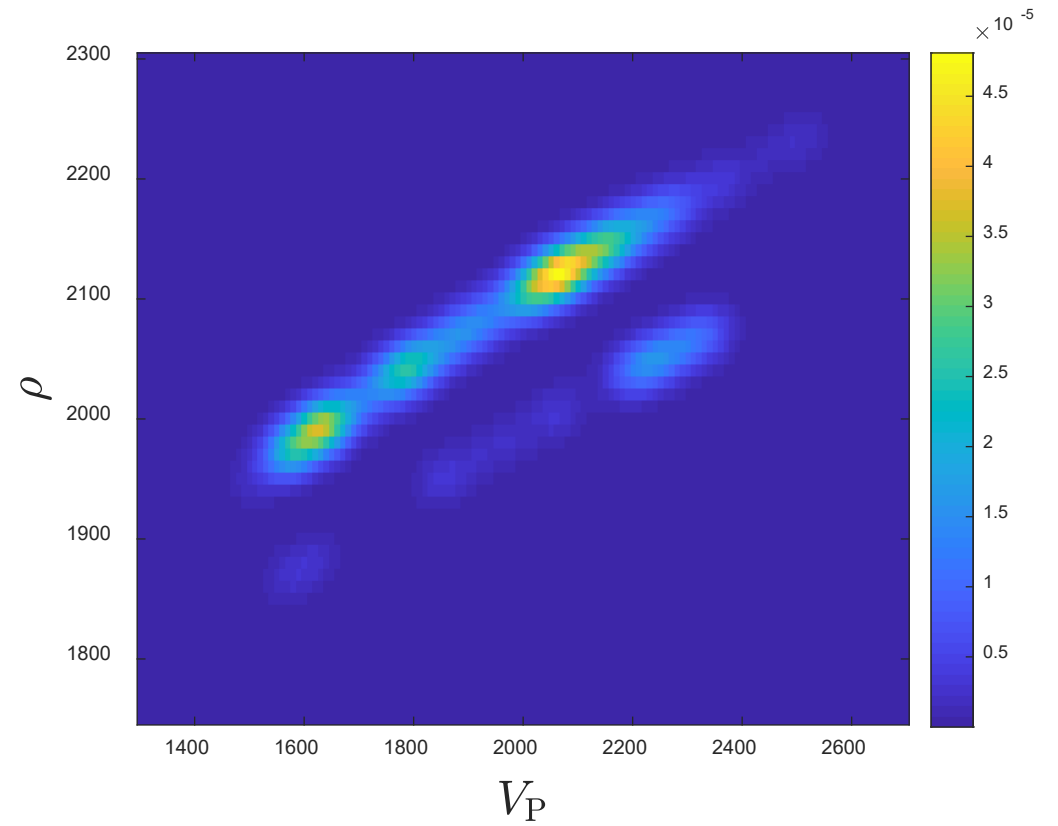
Example two: Marmousi model



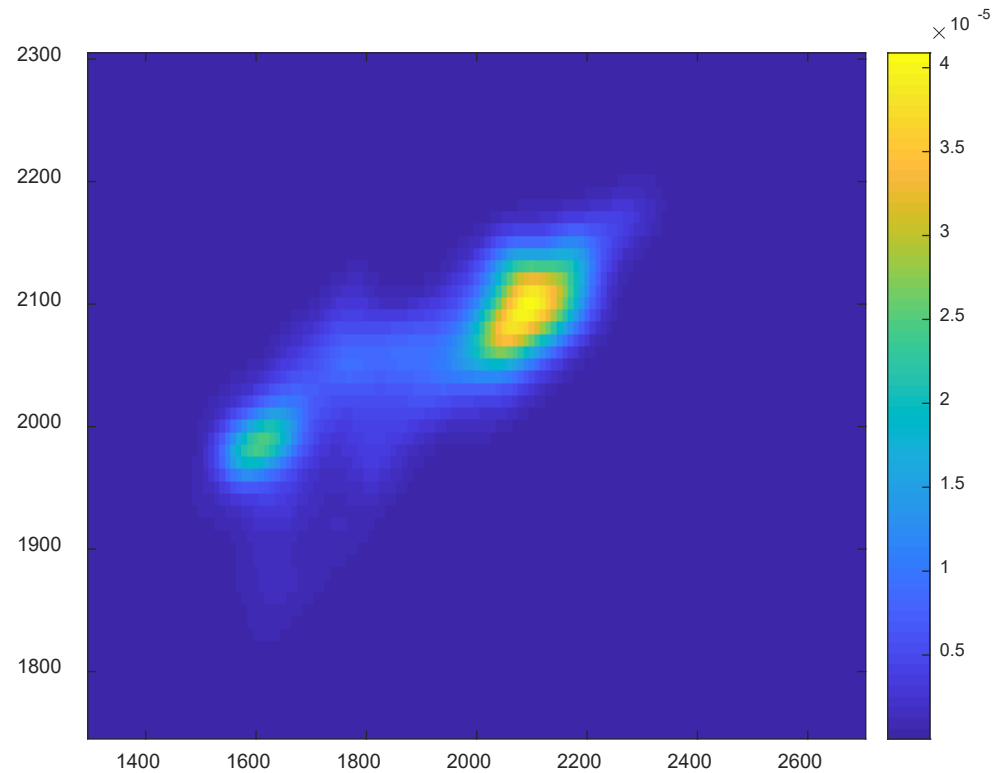
Data



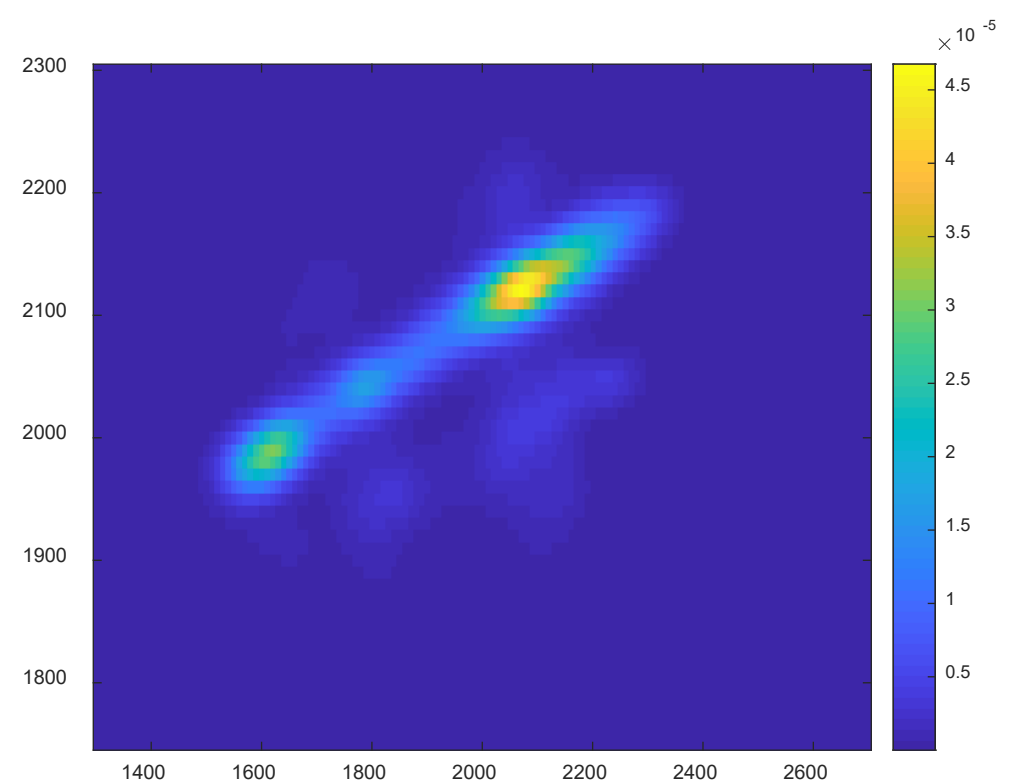
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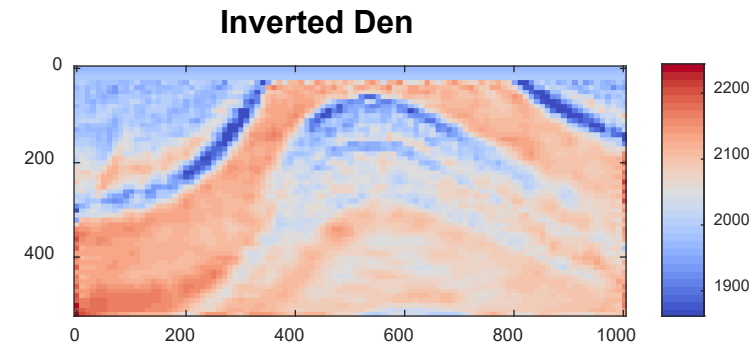
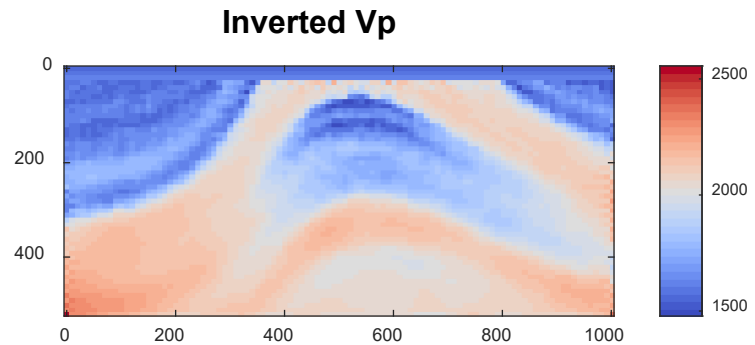
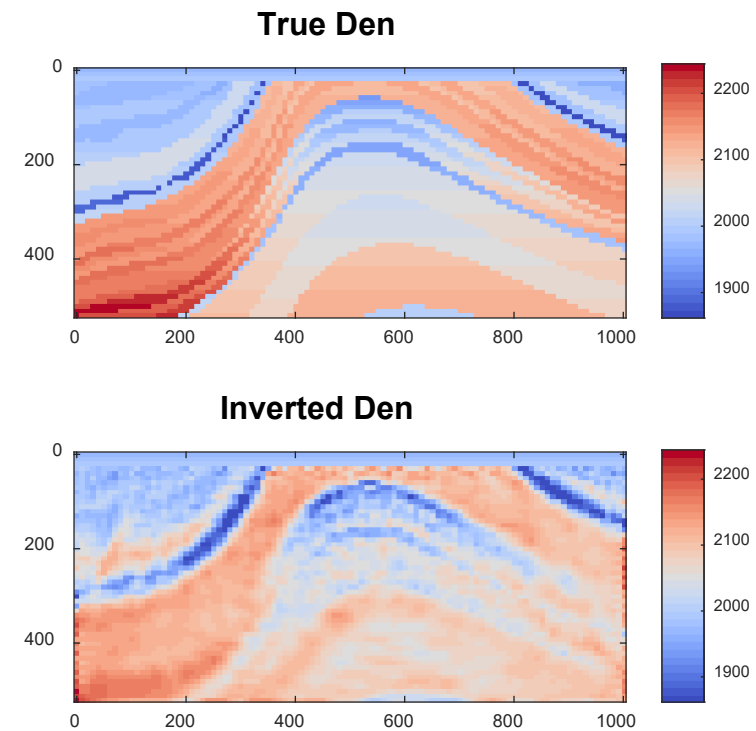
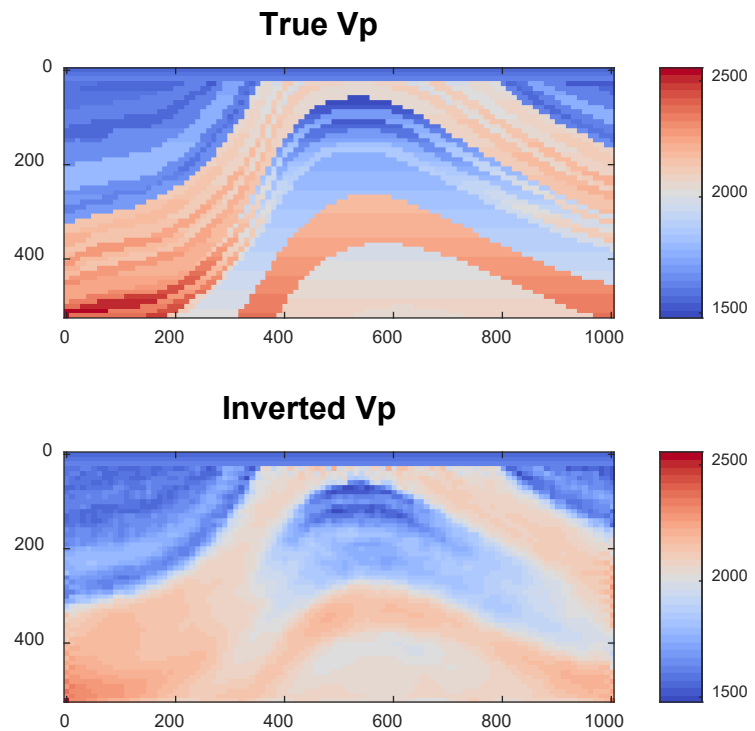
Inverted (unconstrained)



Inverted (constrained)

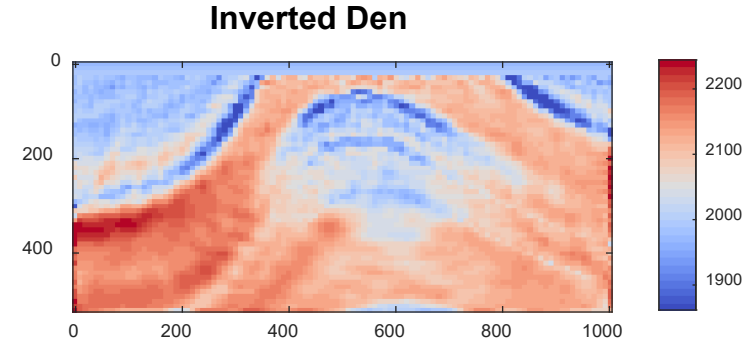
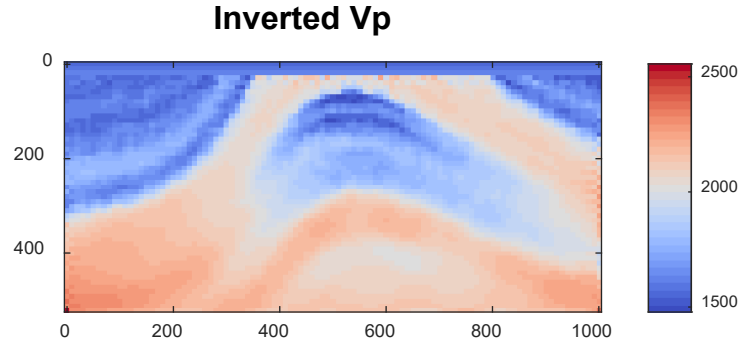
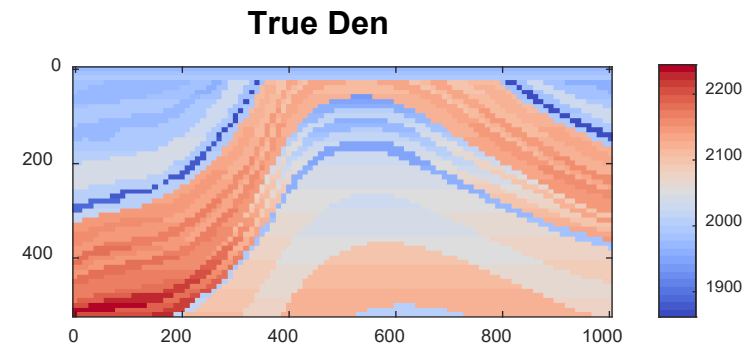
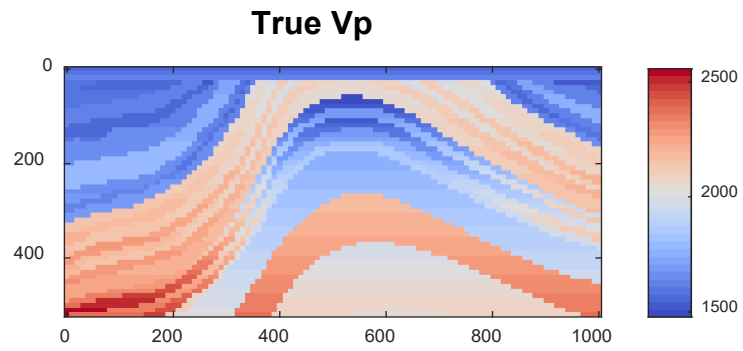


Example two: Marmousi model



Unconstrained

Example two: Marmousi model



Constrained



- We propose a new FWI scheme to constrain the probability density distribution of the solution.
- We need more analysis to figure out the adaptability of the approach.
- The method can be extended to single-parameter acoustic inversion and three-parameter elastic inversion.



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- NSERC - CRDPJ 543578-19